



NORTH CAROLINA

Department of Transportation



NCSITE Traffic Engineering Council "Back to Basics" Series

Online Webinar

April 14, 2020

Synchro Planning Level Analysis per the NCDOT Capacity Analysis Guidelines

Michael P. Reese, PE, CPM

NCDOT Congestion Management Section

NCDOT Congestion Management

The mission of the NCDOT Congestion Management Section is the statewide application of cost-effective traffic engineering based operational and safety improvement strategies which mitigate the impacts of traffic congestion, improve system efficiency, enhance traveler safety, and improve economic vitality.

The vision of the NCDOT Congestion Management Section is optimal system-wide mobility.

Congestion Management Resources

NCDOT Guidelines Resources - Effective 10-01-2016



NCDOT CONGESTION MANAGEMENT SIMULATION GUIDELINES - Effective 10-01-2016



NCDOT Traffic Engineering Suite



NCDOT TIA Checklist



NCDOT TIA Checklist Instructions



Capacity Analysis Guidelines

Congestion Management has revised the Department's Traffic Analysis Guidelines effective July 1, 2015, replacing the previous edition dated January 1, 2012. Revisions cover Trip Generation and Links sections only.



Congestion Management Consultant Prequalification Requirements



ITS and Signals Unit - Design Manual



NCDOT Congestion Management Driveway Permit Review General Comments Current Edition 2008-11-21



North Carolina Median Crossover Guidelines Current Edition 2004-01-01



Policy on Street and Driveway Access to North Carolina Highways Current Edition July 2003



RW Disposal and CA Checklist

Right-of-Way Disposal and Control of Access Review Committee Operating Procedures and Checklist - Revised 2010-07-09 (For more information, contact Robert Barrier, Field Support Staff Engineer, 919-707-2507)



Congestion Management Website

[https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/
Pages/Congestion-Management.aspx](https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/Pages/Congestion-Management.aspx)
Being Updated!

RW Disposal and CA Procedures

The Surplus Right-of-Way Disposal and Control of Access Review Committee Operating Procedures - Revised 2017-05-03. (For more information, contact Robert Barrier, Field Support Staff Engineer, (919) 707-2507)



Spreadsheet to assist in the interpolation of traffic volumes



Trip Generation Rate Equation Recommendations

The "Rate versus Equation" table provides specific trip generation recommendations per land use including pass-by percentage data and when to use trip generation equations, rates, or local data.



Sample Internal Capture Spreadsheet



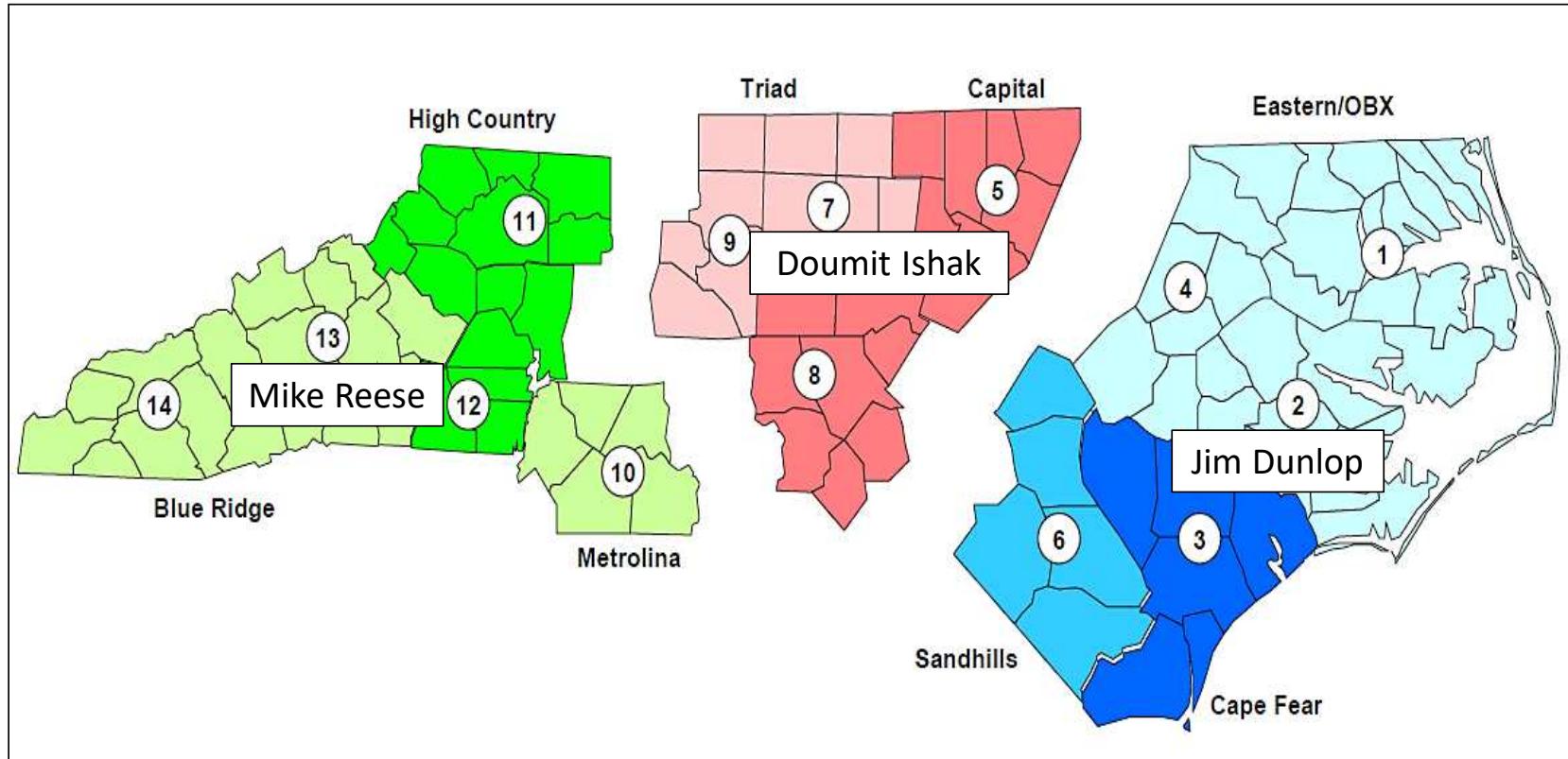
Workshop - Site Development and Highway Access - What you need to know



TEPPL C60 – Congestion Management - SaFID Chart



Congestion Management Regions



NCDOT Capacity Analysis Guidelines

<https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/Pages/Congestion-Management.aspx>



NCDOT Congestion Management Capacity Analysis Guidelines

3

Introduction/Purpose

This document provides standard values to ensure consistent traffic analysis. Deviation from these practices requires justification. By reviewing reports, plans, and submittals, the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) in no way relieves the analyst of possible claims or additional work resulting from errors or omissions.

9

10

Pre-Analysis

11

Submittal Document Requirements

The submitted traffic analysis document should include, but is not limited to: a summary of the analysis and results, site plans, traffic counts and forecasts, volume generation, any assumptions used in the analysis, and any variations from these guidelines.

12

13

14

15

16

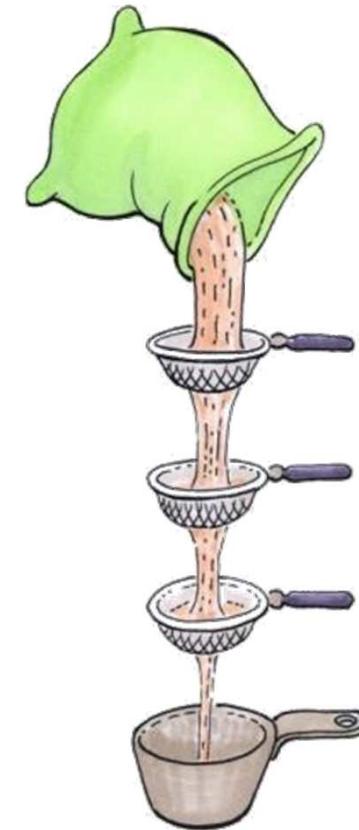
17

**In other words, use the defaults or
explain and justify prior to
submitting analysis**

TIA	TIP
Summary of Results	Summary of Results
Site Plan	Traffic Forecasts
Traffic Counts and Forecasts	Traffic Breakouts (Existing, No Build, Build
Existing Lane Diagram	Traffic Adjustments and Reroutes)

Capacity Analysis Tool Selection Guidance

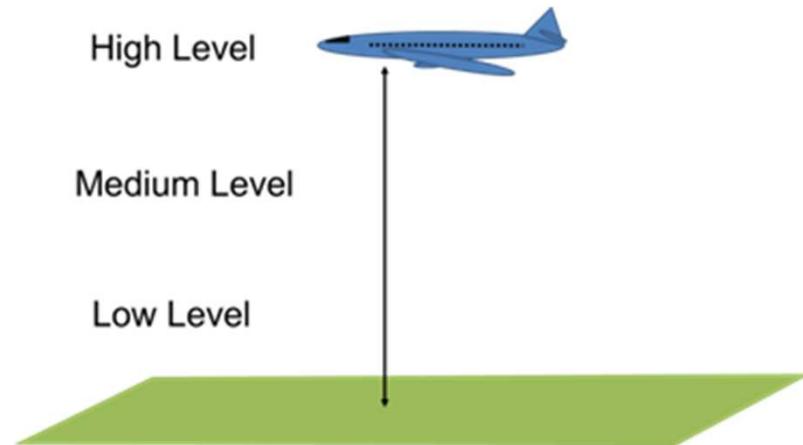
- Planning-level analysis
 - results provide estimates of expected performance and are useful in informing the initial feasibility and high-level design features.
- HCM analysis
 - balances operational detail with reasonable data input needs and analysis resource requirements.
 - may provide insight on additional geometric design and signal timing details
- Microsimulation analysis
 - allows for flexible customization and configuration of geometry, signal timing, and other operational parameters.
 - provides visualization of traffic patterns and roadway geometry



Slide Data Courtesy Kittelson & Associates, Inc.

Levels of Planning Analysis from HCM

- High level
 - Large analysis area
 - Low detail
- Medium level
 - Focus on a single roadway facility, segment, or intersection
 - Greater detail
- Low level
 - Highly focused and highly detailed

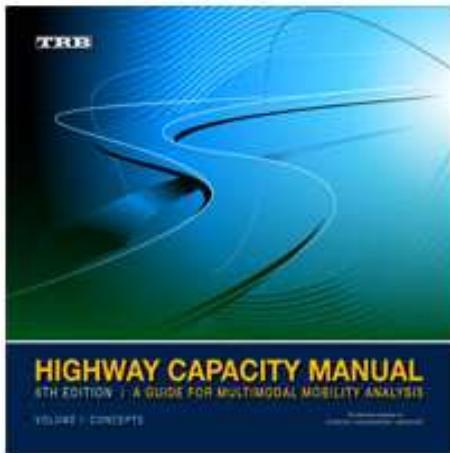


Slide Data Courtesy Kittelson & Associates, Inc.

Intersection Capacity Analysis Tools

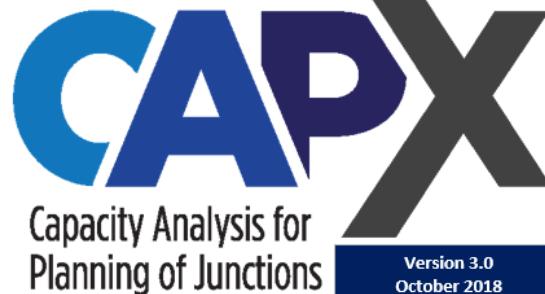
Planning Analysis vs. Operations Analysis

Highway Capacity Manual



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration

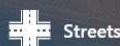
CAP-X



Synchro plus SimTraffic



McTrans



Streets



Stop



Roundabouts

UF UNIVERSITY of
FLORIDA

Highway Capacity Software



TransModeler



SIDRA

Others???

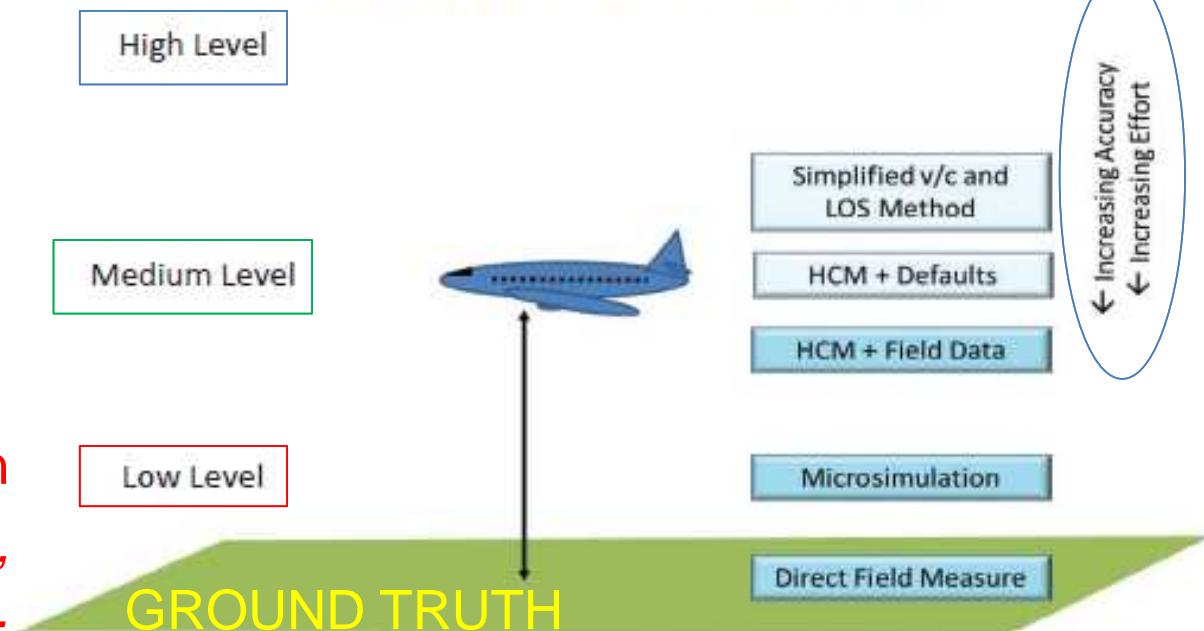
Levels of Intersection Analysis

Planning-level Tools
e.g. CAP-X, Vjust, etc.

HCM Analysis Methods
e.g. HCM, HCS, Synchro,
Sidra, etc.

Microsimulation
e.g. TransModeler, VISSIM,
etc.

Exhibit 59. Analysis options for signalized intersections.



Levels of Intersection Analysis

Planning-level Tools
e.g. CAP-X, Vjust, etc.

HCM Analysis Methods
e.g. HCM, HCS, **Synchro**,
Sidra, etc.

Microsimulation
e.g. TransModeler, VISSIM,
etc.

Exhibit 59. Analysis options for signalized intersections.

High Level

Medium Level

Low Level



GROUND TRUTH

Simplified v/c and
LOS Method

HCM + Defaults

HCM + Field Data

Microsimulation

Direct Field Measure

Increasing Accuracy
↓ Increasing Effort

Seven Step Process of Synchro and SimTraffic Planning Level Analysis

Step 1: Model Network

- Include all study intersections
- Accurately model distance between intersections
- Include future lane/intersection improvements from other developments or projects
- Y-Line lengths should be close to 1000' in order to view full queue lengths
- Code storage lengths correctly
 - Use 100' tapers
- Use cardinal directions (N, S, E, W, not NW, SE, etc.)
- Reduced Conflict Intersections (RCUT) in Synchro should be modeled using one-way pairs (check with CMS for guidance)

Step 2: Follow Analysis Guidelines

- Use NCDOT Capacity Analysis Guidelines Provided by Congestion Management, for example...
- Turn Lane Treatment
 - No protected-permitted lefts
 - No right turns on red
- Recommended Timing Settings
 - Minimum initial green time, yellow time, all-red time, lost time adjustment, minimum split
- Minimum Cycle Length
 - Based on number of phases in the signal
- Use a Peak Hour Factor (phf) of 0.9 except for near schools where 0.5 to 0.75 is commonly used (check with MSTA or CMS)

Step 3: Create Synchro File for Each Scenario

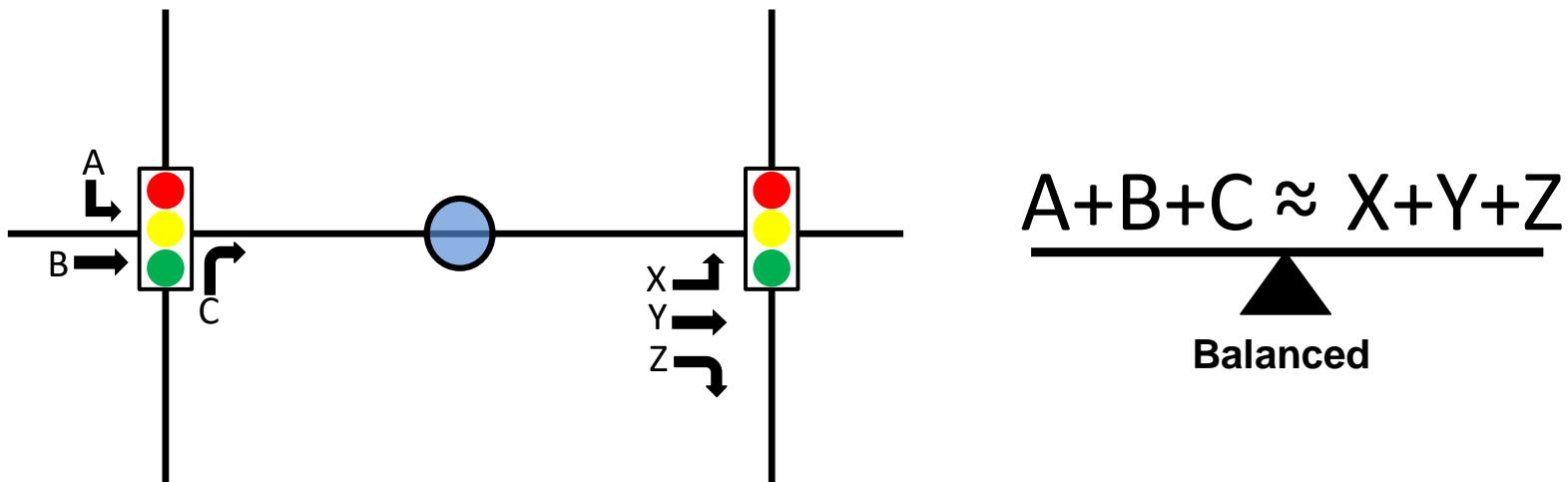
- A separate file should be created for both AM and PM peak hours for each scenario
 - Existing No Build
 - Future Year No Build
 - Future Year Build
 - Others as Needed
- Each file should have matching corridor and Y-line lengths or else simulations will not match!

Step 4: Input Volumes

- Input turning movement volumes into the corresponding file for each scenario
- In Synchro, use 4 vph as a minimum turning movement volume for any permitted movement

Step 4: Input Volumes

- Balance volumes and/or explain discrepancies between intersections within reason (check with CMS)
 - Look at what's between the intersections
 - More development = More volume drops or gains
 - Less development = Less volume drops or gains



Step 5: Optimize Signal Timing

- Optimize Signal Cycle Lengths
 - Make sure to stay above minimums in Guidelines
- Optimize Splits
- If There are Multiple Signals within the network:
 - Should be coordinated if appropriate
 - If coordinated:
 - Optimize network cycle lengths, all cycle lengths should be the same or half cycle
 - Optimize network offsets
- Ensure analysis matches Capacity Analysis Guidelines
- Run “Coding Error Check” in Synchro before Simulation

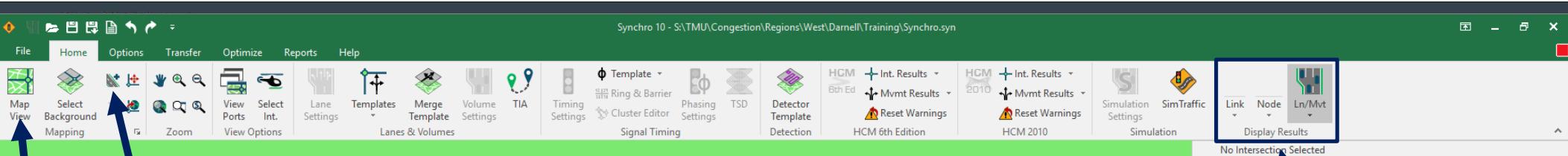
Step 6: Take Note of MOEs

- Synchro Analysis:
 - Record overall intersection LOS and delay for signalized intersections
 - Record approach, and/or movement, LOS and delay for each leg of the intersection
 - Record 95th percentile queue lengths for each approach
- Create a table showing MOEs (Measures of Effectiveness e.g. LOS, delay, queuing, v/c, etc.)

Step 7: Run SimTraffic Simulation

- SimTraffic should always be run when using Synchro as an analysis tool
- Set seeding time to at least 10 minutes and recording time to 60 minutes
- Record simulation (10 runs is recommended)
- Print queuing and blocking report for the whole network
 - Should be included with analysis document appendix
 - Make a table recording SimTraffic maximum queue lengths
- **Lanes and storage recommendations should be higher of Synchro 95th and SimTraffic Maximum Queues (iteration may be necessary). Ensure recommended lanes and storage are coded.**

Planning Level Capacity Analysis of Existing Intersection in Synchro and SimTraffic



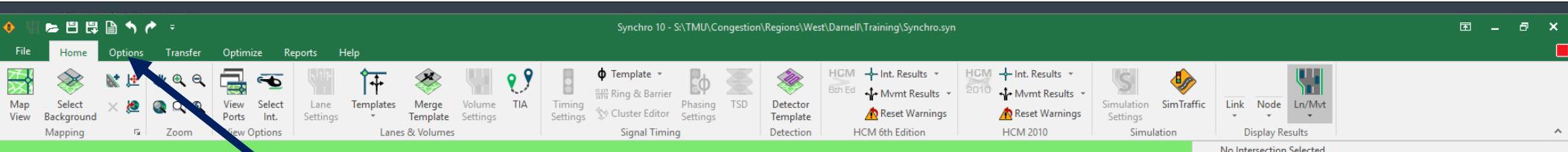
Synchro Basics:

- You can pan screen / drag map by clicking scroller button on your mouse

ADD LINK- Use to add a street to your network

Map View- Returns you to this view

Use this Display Results tabs to show different things on the map. Such as: input traffic volumes, speed, link length, volume balancing, etc.

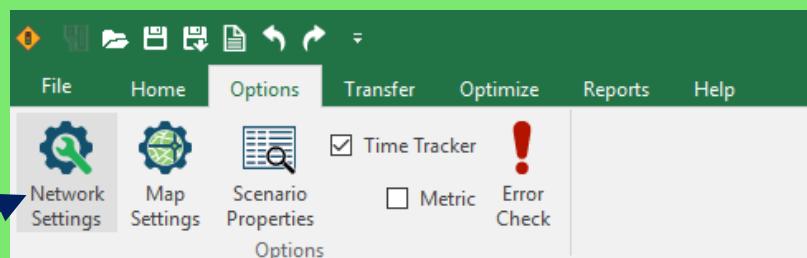


1

Start by changing network settings to match our guidelines

1. Go to Options
2. Click Network Settings

2



Change Default Settings for These:

Network Settings

Lanes Volumes Timings Phases Simulation Emissions

Lane Width (ft):	12	Set All
Flow Rate (vphpl):	1900	Set All
Stored Passenger Car Length (ft):	25	
Stored Heavy Vehicle Length (ft):	45	
Passenger Car Equivalent for Heavy Vehicle:	2.00	
Allow Right Turns On Red	<input type="checkbox"/>	Set All
Travel Speed (mph):	30	Set All
Critical gap for permitted left turn (s):	4.5	
Follow-up time for permitted left turn (s):	2.5	
Stop threshold speed (mph):	5.0	
Critical merge gap (s):	3.7	
Area Type CBD	<input type="checkbox"/>	Set All
Set All Scope		
<input type="radio"/> Zone	<input type="button" value="▼"/>	Defaults
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Entire Network	<input type="button" value="▼"/>	OK
Close		

Network Settings

Lanes Volumes Timings Phases Simulation Emissions

Peak Hour Factor:	0.90	Set All
Growth Factor:	1.00	Set All
Heavy Vehicles (%):	2	Set All
Conflicting Pedestrians (#/hr):	0	Set All
Pedestrian Walking Speed (ft/s):	3.5	
Analysis Period (min):	15	
Adj. Parking Lanes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	Set All
Set All Scope		
<input type="radio"/> Zone	<input type="button" value="▼"/>	Defaults
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Entire Network	<input type="button" value="▼"/>	OK
Close		

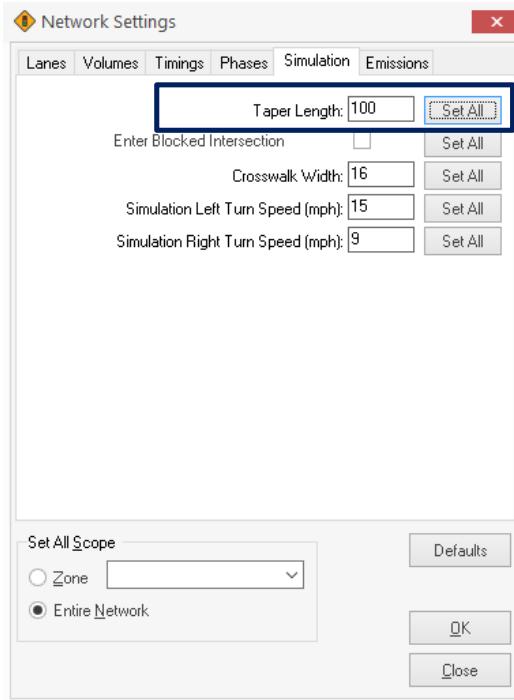
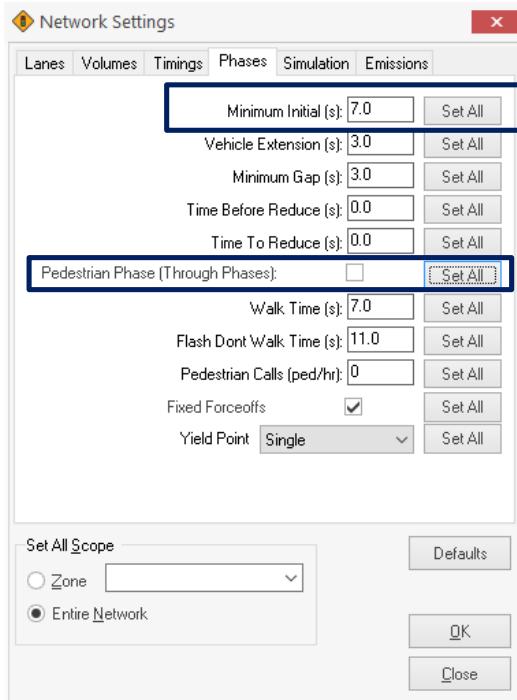
Network Settings

Lanes Volumes Timings Phases Simulation Emissions

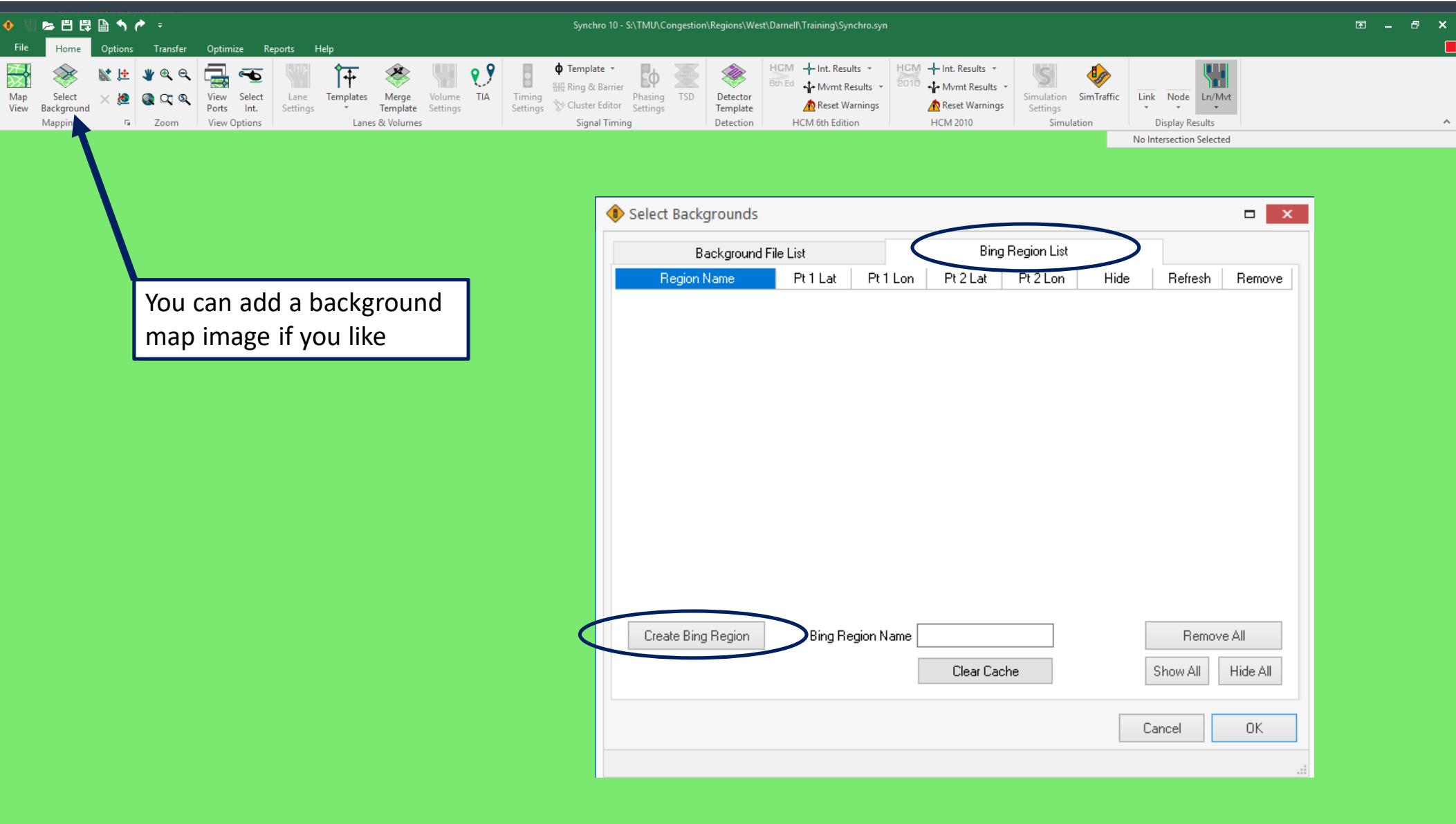
Cycle Length (s):	60.0	Set All
Maximum Cycle Length (s):	120.0	Set All
Allow Lead/Lag Optimization	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Set All
Yellow Time (s):	5.0	Set All
All Red Time (s):	2.0	Set All
Lost Time Adjust (s):	-2.0	Set All
Reference Phase:	2+6	Set All
Offset Style:	Begin of Green	Set All
Minimum Split Thru (s):	20.0	Set All
Minimum Split Left (s):	8.0	Set All
Control Type:	Pretimed	Set All
ICU Reference Cycle Length (s):	120	
Set All Scope		
<input type="radio"/> Zone	<input type="button" value="▼"/>	Defaults
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Entire Network	<input type="button" value="▼"/>	OK
Close		

****MUST CLICK "SET ALL" FOR EACH THEN "OK"**

Change Default Settings for These:



****MUST CLICK "SET ALL" FOR EACH THEN "OK"**

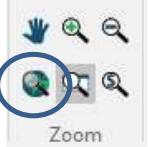


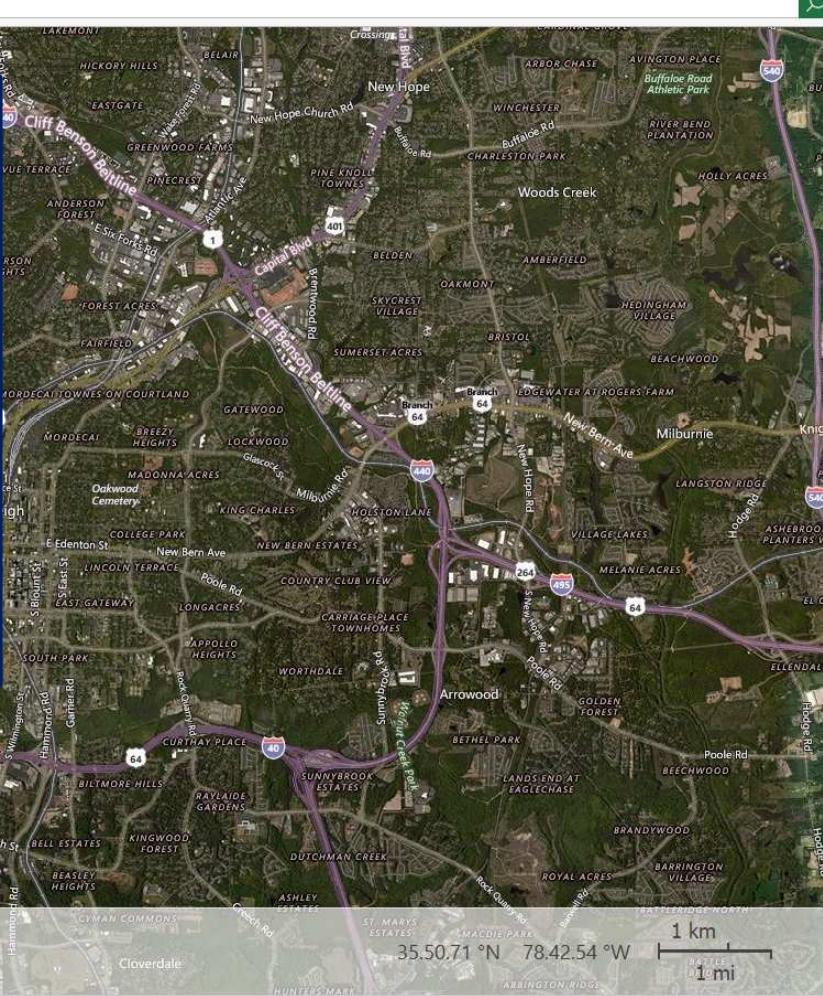
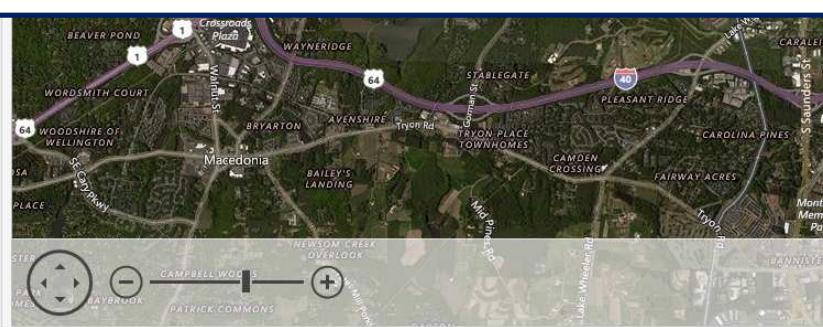
File Home Options Transfer Optimize Reports Help

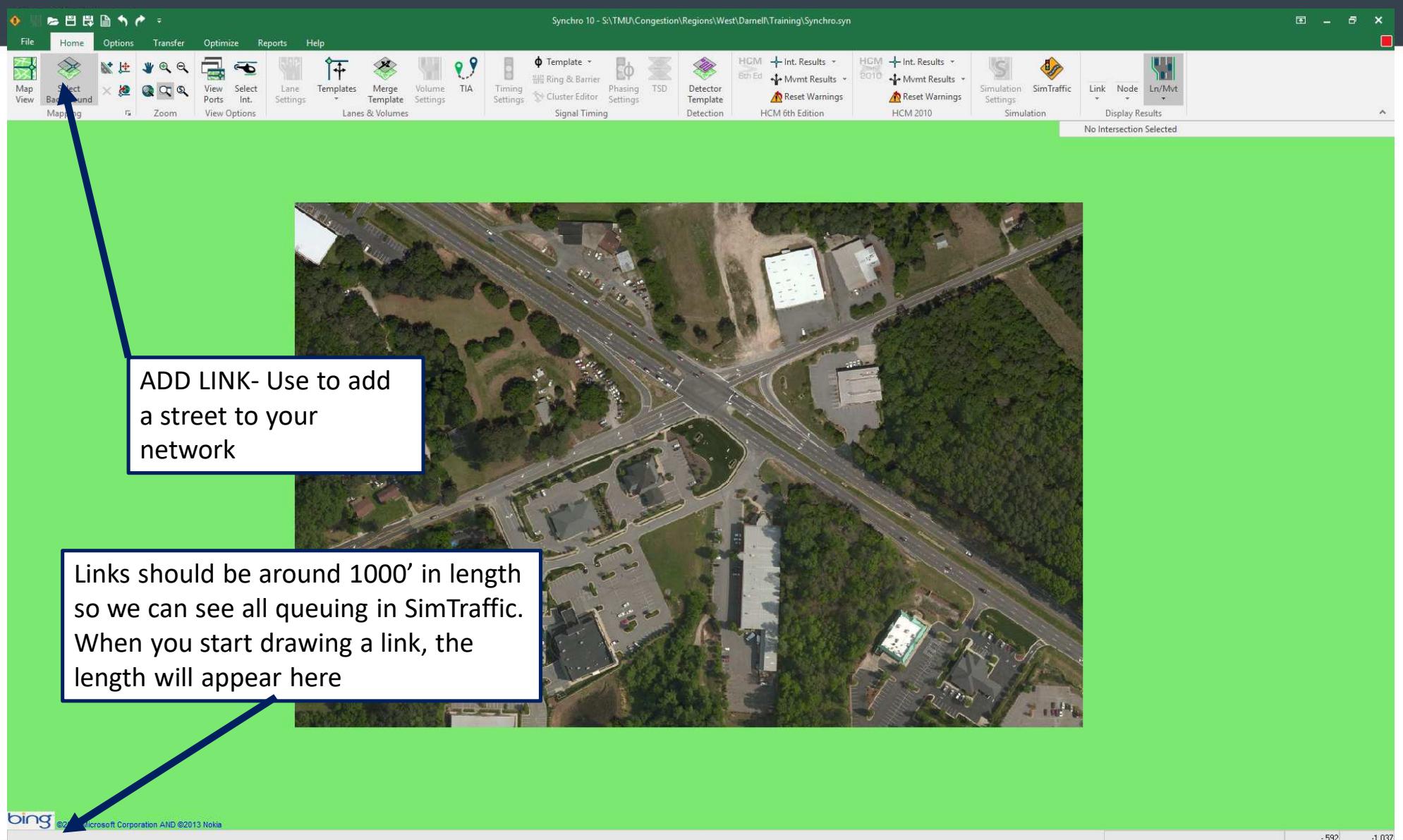
Map View Select Background Mapping

Drag Map Select Region Zoom In Zoom Out

Find your wanted location:

- Drag to area or use search bar to type in an address
- Once you find your wanted background image, click “Select Region”
- Draw a box around wanted region then click on a reference point (a reference point helps when the Synchro network is already drawn). Click “Next”
- If no network is already drawn, then leave world coordinates at 0,0 and click “Ok”
- Now you have a map as a background
- If you don't see your map, click this button: 



Synchro 10 - S:\TMU\Congestion\Regions\West\Damel\Training\Synchro.syn

File Home Options Transfer Optimize Reports Help

Map View Select Background X View Ports Select Int. Lane Settings Templates Merge Template Volume Settings TIA Timing Settings Ring & Barrier Phasing TSD Detector Template Signal Timing HCM 6th Ed Int. Results HCM 2010 Int. Results Mvmt Results Mvmt Results Reset Warnings Reset Warnings HCM 6th Edition HCM 2010 Simulation Settings Simulation SimTraffic Link Node Ln/Mvt Display Results 4 External

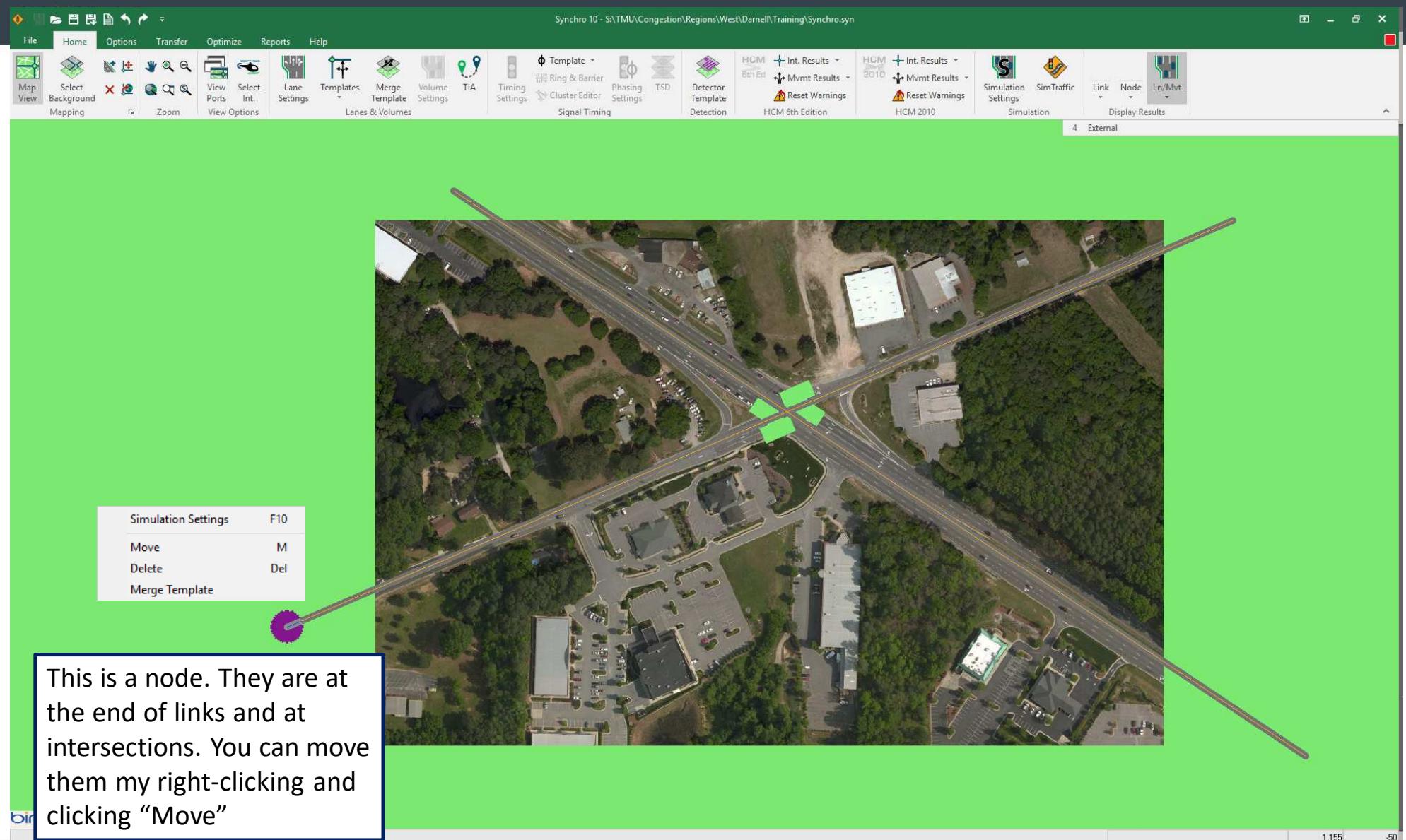
Simulation Settings F10

Move M

Delete Del

Merge Template

This is a node. They are at the end of links and at intersections. You can move them by right-clicking and clicking "Move"



The image shows an aerial view of a road intersection. A green rectangular node is highlighted at the center of the intersection, indicating it is a key point in the network. A callout box in the bottom-left corner provides instructions for moving nodes. The software interface includes a toolbar with various icons for map view, selection, and simulation settings, and a ribbon menu with tabs like Home, Options, Transfer, Optimize, Reports, and Help.

Synchro 10 - S:\TMU\Congestion Regions\West\Danell\Training\Synchro.syn

File Home Options Transfer Optimize Reports Help

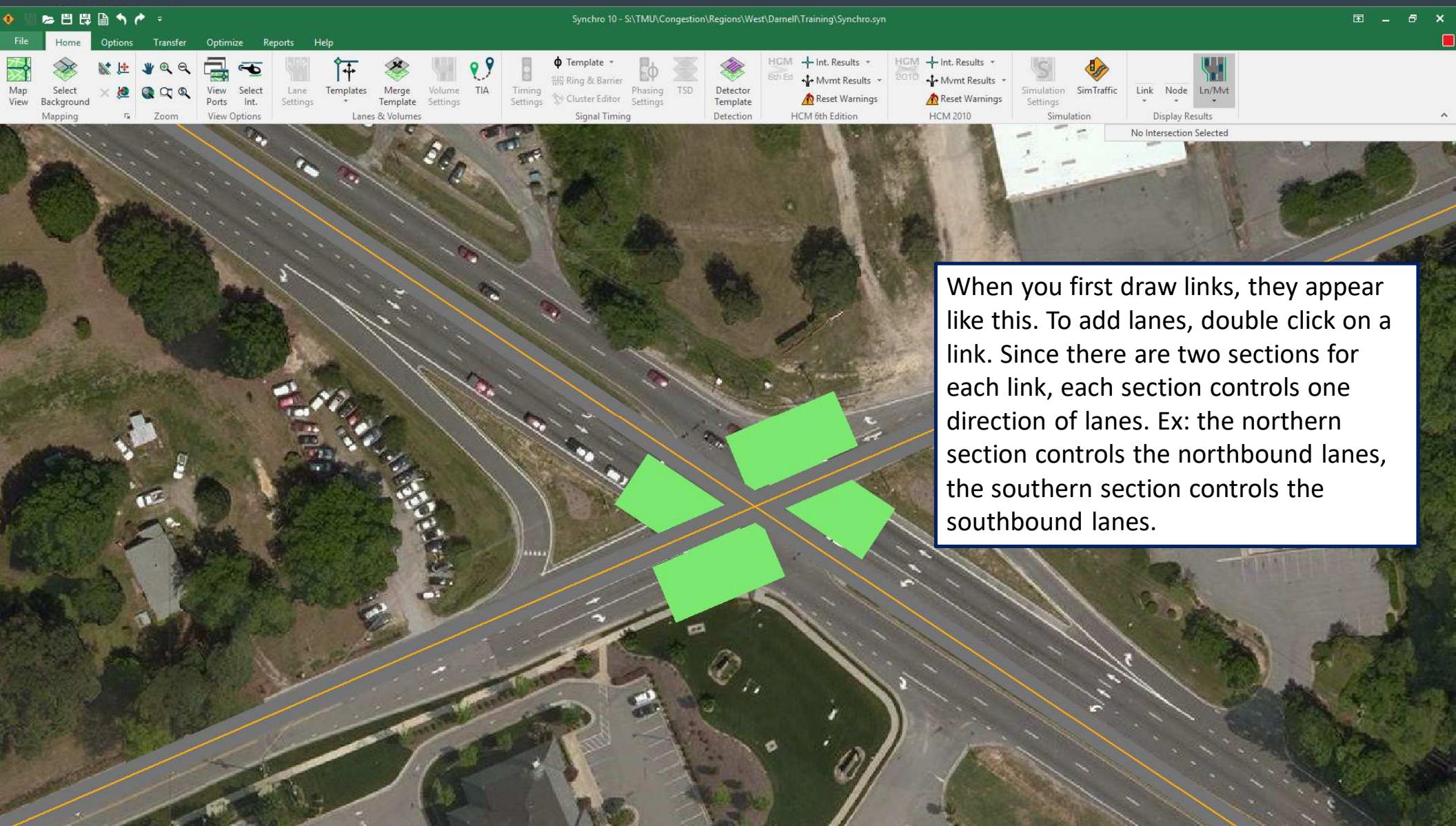
Map View Select Background Zoom View Options Lane Settings Templates Merge Template Volume Settings TIA Timing Settings Ring & Barrier Phasing Settings TSD Detector Template Signal Timing HCM 6th Ed Int. Results Mvmt Results HCM 2010 Int. Results Mvmt Results HCM 6th Edition Reset Warnings HCM 2010 Simulation Settings Simulation SimTraffic Link Node Ln/Mvt Display Results

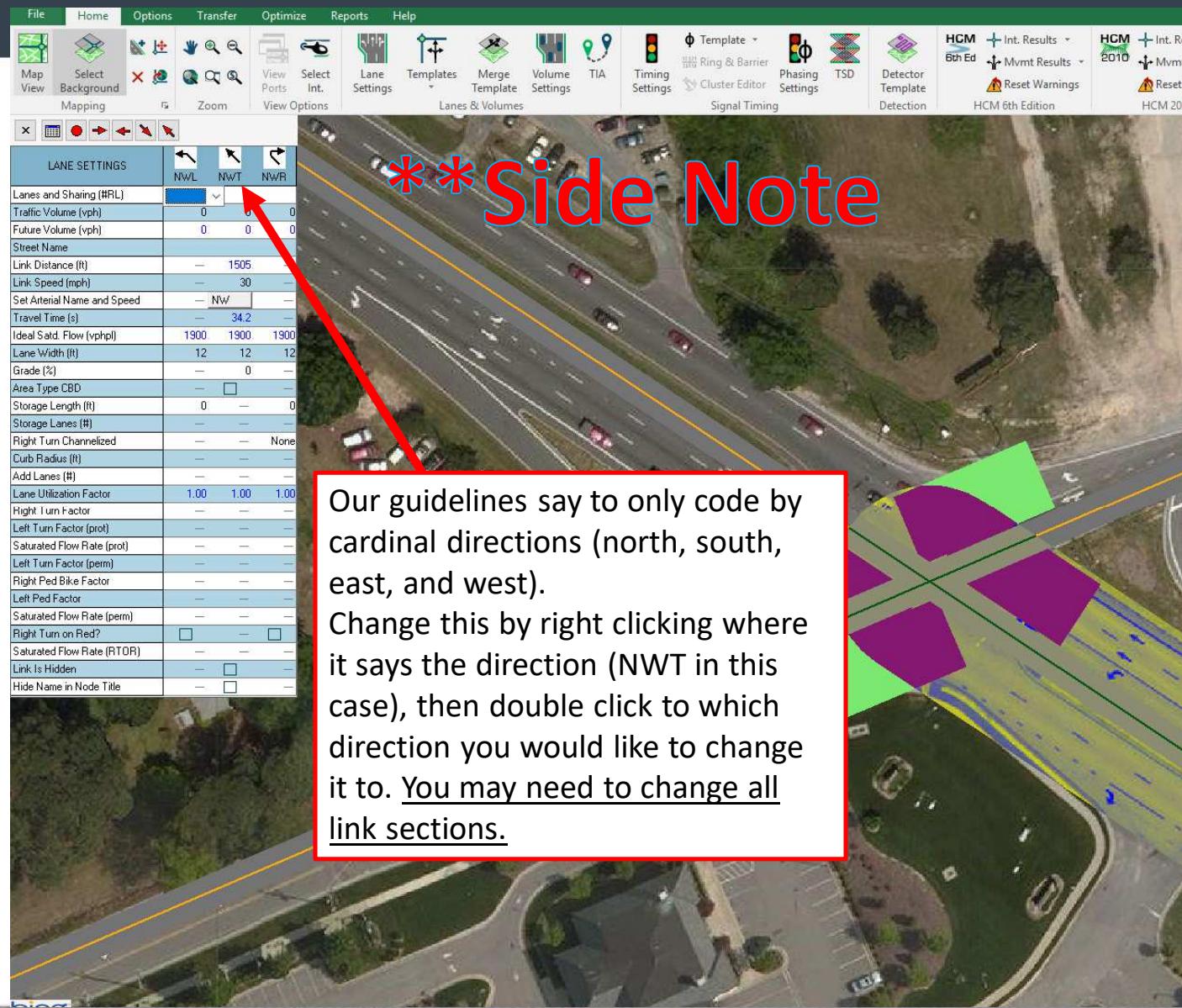
This is a link. Each link has two sections. If a link is vertical, then the top half is the northern part of the link, bottom half is southern

You can add curvature to a link by right-clicking on it and then click "Add Curvature". When a link has curvature, then any new links drawn over the curved link will NOT connect as an intersection. This is a helpful tool if you don't want the links to connect, like with overpasses. If you have curvature and need to connect a new link; simply right-click the link again and select "Remove Curvature"

bing ©2014 Microsoft Corporation AND ©2013 Nokia
(length: 1505 ft.)

.739

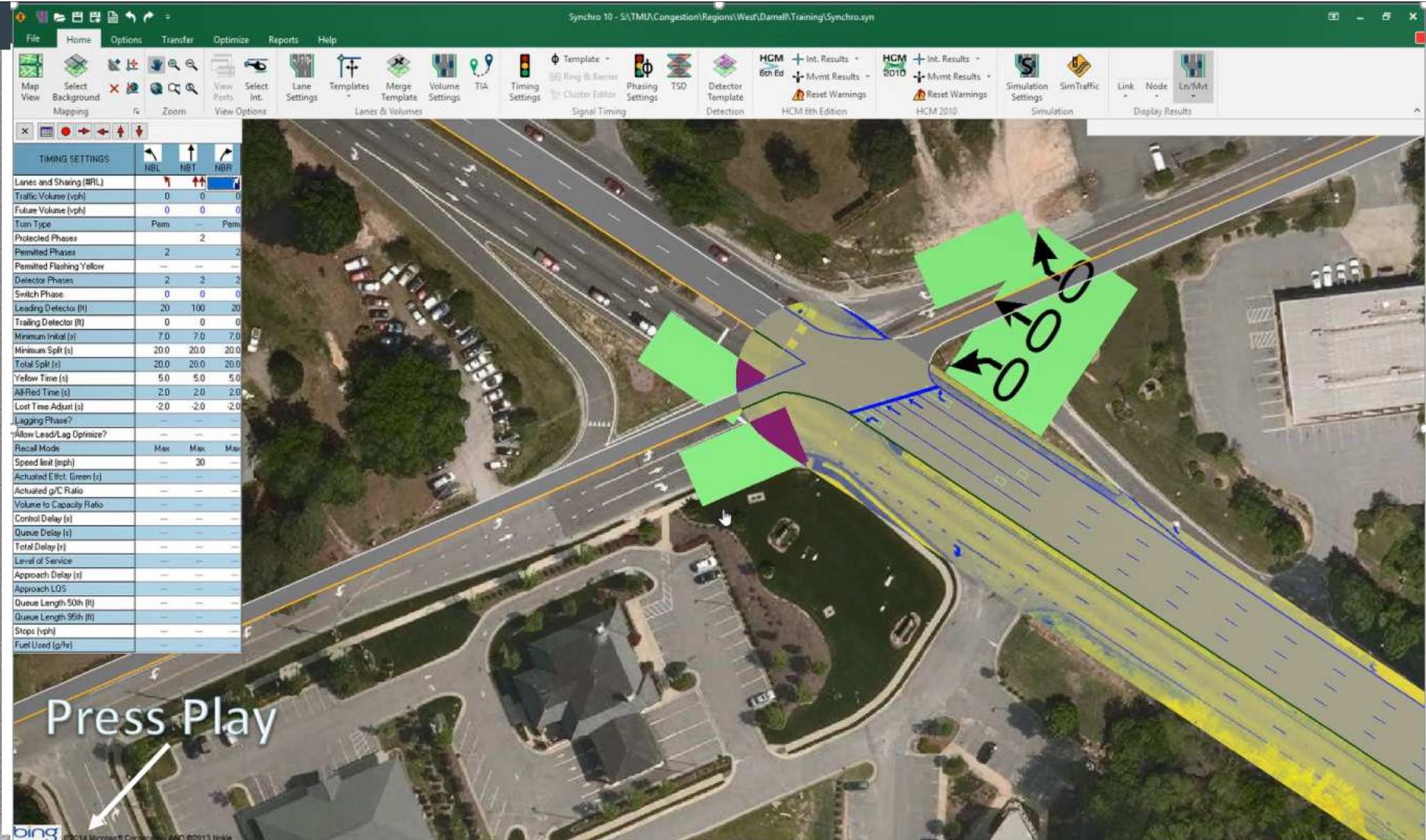


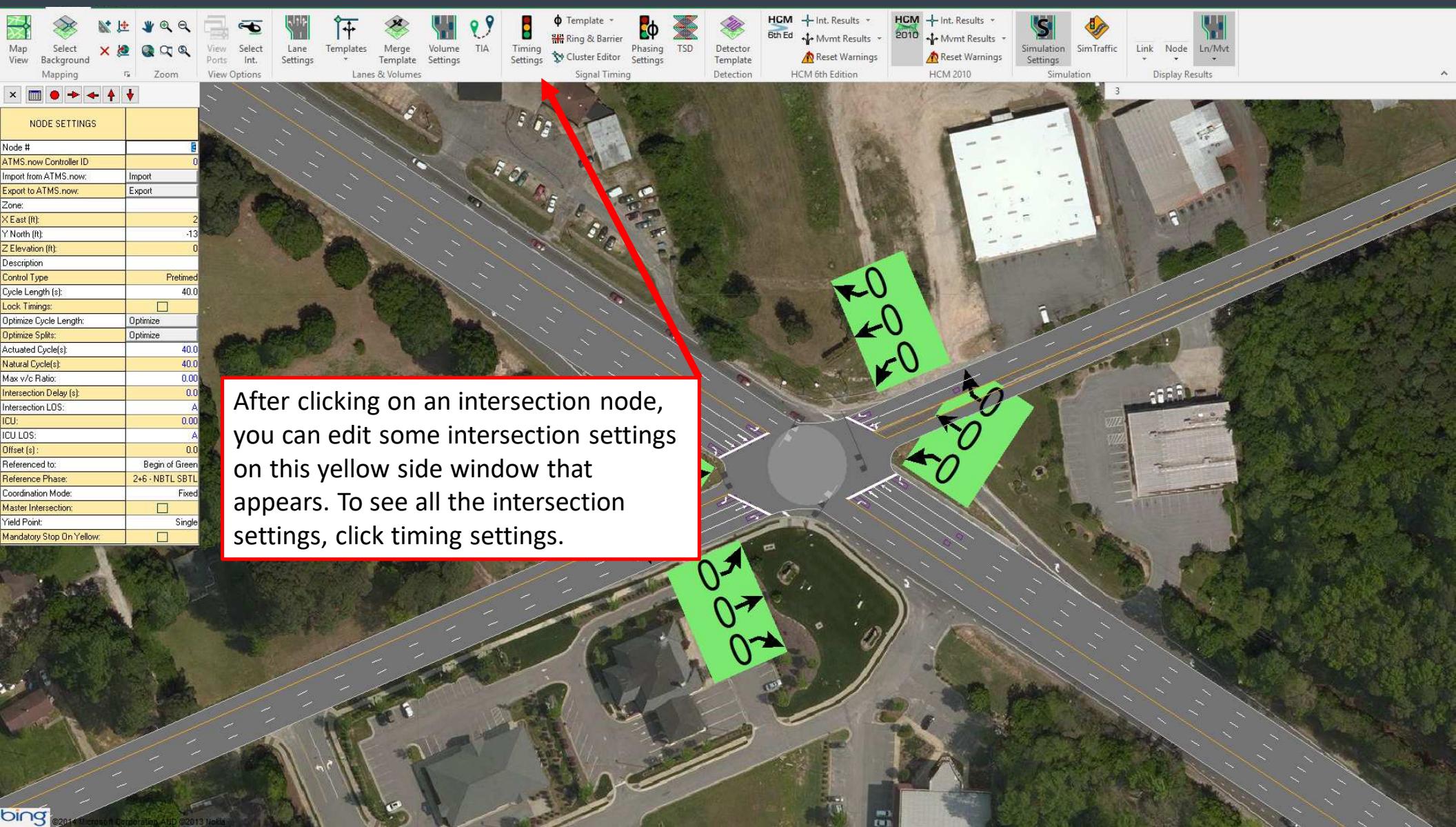


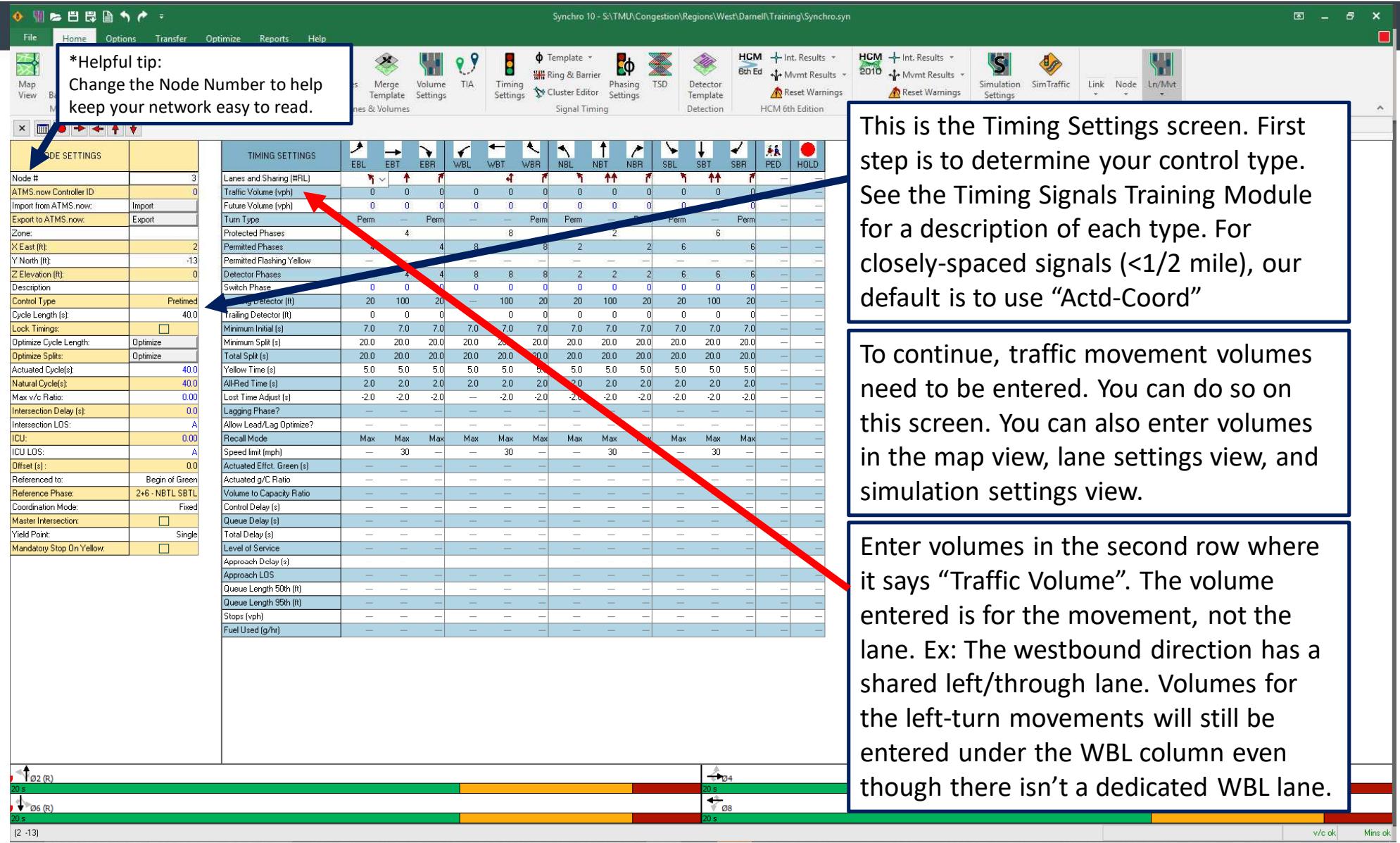
**Side Note

Our guidelines say to only code by cardinal directions (north, south, east, and west).
Change this by right clicking where it says the direction (NWT in this case), then double click to which direction you would like to change it to. You may need to change all link sections.

LANE SETTINGS		
	NWL	NWT
Lanes and Shaping (#RL)	0	0
Traffic Volume (vph)	0	0
Future Volume (vph)	0	0
Street Name		
Link Distance (ft)	1505	
Link Speed (mph)	30	
Set Arterial Name and Speed	NW	
Travel Time (s)	34.2	
Ideal Sald. Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900
Lane Width (ft)	12	12
Grade (%)	0	
Area Type CBD		
Storage Length (ft)	0	0
Storage Lanes (#)		
Right Turn Channelized		None
Curb Radius (ft)		
Add Lanes (#)		
Lane Utilization Factor	1.00	1.00
Right Turn Factor		
Left Turn Factor (prot)		
Saturated Flow Rate (prot)		
Left Turn Factor (perm)		
Right Ped Bike Factor		
Left Ped Factor		
Saturated Flow Rate (perm)		
Right Turn on Red?		
Saturated Flow Rate (RTDR)		
Link Is Hidden		
Hide Name in Node Title		







The following settings come from the Capacity Analysis Guidelines

Left turns can be permitted (perm) unless protected phasing exists or one of the following apply, then, use protected only:

For analysis, generally use protected left-turn treatment instead of permitted when:

- Dual left-turn lanes are present
- Hourly volume exceeds 240 cars
- Left-turn lanes are crossing 3 or more opposing through lanes of traffic
- When a condition is satisfied in the table below:

Number of Opposing Lanes (Through and Right)							Condition	
1							Left-Turn Volume * Opposing Volume > 50,000	
2							Left-Turn Volume * Opposing Volume > 90,000	
3 or more							Left-Turn Volume * Opposing Volume > 110,000	

**Highest peak hour should govern

Synchro 10 - S:\TMU\Congestion\Regions\West\Danell\Training\Synchro.syn

File Home Options Transfer Optimize Reports Help

Map View Select Int. View Options Lane Settings Templates Merge Template Volume Settings TIA Timing Settings Cluster Editor Phasing Settings TSD Detector Template Detection HCM 6th Ed Int. Results Mvmt Results HCM 2010 Int. Results Mvmt Results Simulation Settings SimTraffic Link Node Ln/Mvt Display Results

Signal Phasing and Timing

Recommended Timing Settings*

Timing Setting	Time (seconds)
Minimum Initial Green Time, Protected Left Turns and All Side Street Movements	7
Minimum Initial Green Time, Major Street Through Movements ≤ 35 mph	10
Minimum Initial Green Time, Major Street Through Movements 36-45 mph	12
Minimum Initial Green Time, Major Street Through Movements > 45 mph	14
Yellow Time*	5
All-Red Time*	2
Lost Time Adjustment (Synchro)	-2
Total Lost Time*	5
Minimum Split	Minimum Initial Green Time (or Pedestrian Walk + Clearance) + Yellow Time + All-Red Time

* Increase clearance and lost time as needed for large cross sections such as single point urban interchanges (SPUI).

***Minimum Split is Minimum Initial + 7 seconds if 5 and 2 Y and AR are used (unless ped phase)**

Recall Mode should be "None" for side streets and "C-Min" for major streets (or "Min" if signal is not coordinated)

Timing Settings

	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lanes and Sharing (HRL)	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	
Traffic Volume (vph)	27	41	43	22	35	26	63	1025	50	45	1543	52	
Future Volume (vph)	27	41	43	22	35	26	63	1025	50	45	1543	52	
Turn Type	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Prot	Perm	Prot	Perm	Prot	Perm	
Protected Phases	4	—	—	8	—	—	5	2	—	1	6	6	
Permitted Phases	4	4	8	8	8	8	5	2	2	1	6	6	
Permitted Flashing Yellow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Detector Phases	4	4	4	8	8	8	5	2	2	1	6	6	
Switch Phase	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Leading Detector (ft)	20	100	20	—	100	20	20	100	20	20	100	20	
Trailing Detector (ft)	0	0	0	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Minimum Initial (s)	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	12.0	12.0	5.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	
Minimum Split (s)	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	
Total Split (s)	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	39.0	39.0	12.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	
Yellow Time (s)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	
All-Red Time (s)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	—	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	
Logging Phases?	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Allow Lead/Lag Optimize?	—	—	—	—	—	—	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
ICU: 0.70	None	None	None	None	None	None	C-Min	C-Min	None	C-Min	C-Min	None	
ICU LOS: C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Offset (s): 0.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Referenced to: Begin of Green	Actuated Effct. Green (s)	9.0	9.0	9.0	—	9.0	9.0	42.6	42.6	7.1	41.4	41.4	
Reference Phase: 2+6 - NBT SBT	Actuated g/C Ratio	0.14	0.14	0.14	—	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.11	0.64	0.64	
Coordination Mode: Fixed	Volume to Capacity Ratio	0.16	0.18	0.22	—	0.29	0.13	0.29	0.49	0.05	0.26	0.76	0.06
Master Intersection: —	Control Delay (s)	27.1	26.7	27.7	—	29.0	26.3	28.6	9.4	7.5	30.4	16.9	8.5
Yield Point: Single	Queue Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	—	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mandatory Stop On Yellow: —	Total Delay (s)	27.1	26.7	27.7	—	29.0	26.3	28.6	9.4	7.5	30.4	16.9	8.5
Approach Delay (s)	Level of Service	C	C	C	—	C	C	C	A	A	C	B	A
Approach LOS	Approach Delay (s)	—	27.2	—	—	28.1	—	—	10.4	—	—	17.0	—
Queue Length 50th (ft)	Approach LOS	—	C	—	—	C	—	—	B	—	—	B	—
Queue Length 95th (ft)	Queue Delay (s)	11	16	17	—	23	10	25	153	10	19	331	11
Stops (vph)	Total Delay (s)	32	43	45	—	55	32	59	211	25	48	#506	28
Fuel Used (g/hr)	Level of Service	26	37	39	—	52	25	57	542	23	43	979	26
	Approach LOS	1	1	1	—	1	1	1	17	1	1	22	1

Timing Settings

	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lanes and Sharing (HRL)	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	
Traffic Volume (vph)	12.6	39	39	12.6	39	39	63	1025	50	45	1543	52	
Future Volume (vph)	12.6	39	39	12.6	39	39	63	1025	50	45	1543	52	
Turn Type	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Prot	Perm	Prot	Perm	Prot	Perm	
Protected Phases	4	—	—	8	—	—	5	2	—	1	6	6	
Permitted Phases	4	4	8	8	8	8	5	2	2	1	6	6	
Permitted Flashing Yellow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Detector Phases	4	4	4	8	8	8	5	2	2	1	6	6	
Switch Phase	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Leading Detector (ft)	20	100	20	—	100	20	20	100	20	20	100	20	
Trailing Detector (ft)	0	0	0	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Minimum Initial (s)	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	12.0	12.0	5.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	
Minimum Split (s)	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	
Total Split (s)	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	39.0	39.0	12.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	
Yellow Time (s)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	
All-Red Time (s)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	—	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	
Logging Phases?	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Allow Lead/Lag Optimize?	—	—	—	—	—	—	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
ICU: 0.70	None	None	None	None	None	None	C-Min	C-Min	None	C-Min	C-Min	None	
ICU LOS: C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Offset (s): 0.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Referenced to: Begin of Green	Actuated Effct. Green (s)	9.0	9.0	9.0	—	9.0	9.0	42.6	42.6	7.1	41.4	41.4	
Reference Phase: 2+6 - NBT SBT	Actuated g/C Ratio	0.14	0.14	0.14	—	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.11	0.64	0.64	
Coordination Mode: Fixed	Volume to Capacity Ratio	0.16	0.18	0.22	—	0.29	0.13	0.29	0.49	0.05	0.26	0.76	0.06
Master Intersection: —	Control Delay (s)	27.1	26.7	27.7	—	29.0	26.3	28.6	9.4	7.5	30.4	16.9	8.5
Yield Point: Single	Queue Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	—	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mandatory Stop On Yellow: —	Total Delay (s)	27.1	26.7	27.7	—	29.0	26.3	28.6	9.4	7.5	30.4	16.9	8.5
Approach Delay (s)	Level of Service	C	C	C	—	C	C	C	A	A	C	B	A
Approach LOS	Approach Delay (s)	—	27.2	—	—	28.1	—	—	10.4	—	—	17.0	—
Queue Length 50th (ft)	Approach LOS	—	C	—	—	C	—	—	B	—	—	B	—
Queue Length 95th (ft)	Queue Delay (s)	11	16	17	—	23	10	25	153	10	19	331	11
Stops (vph)	Total Delay (s)	32	43	45	—	55	32	59	211	25	48	#506	28
Fuel Used (g/hr)	Level of Service	26	37	39	—	52	25	57	542	23	43	979	26
	Approach LOS	1	1	1	—	1	1	1	17	1	1	22	1

Timing Settings

	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lanes and Sharing (HRL)	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	
Traffic Volume (vph)	12.6	39	39	12.6	39	39	63	1025	50	45	1543	52	
Future Volume (vph)	12.6	39	39	12.6	39	39	63	1025	50	45	1543	52	
Turn Type	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Prot	Perm	Prot	Perm	Prot	Perm	
Protected Phases	4	—	—	8	—	—	5	2	—	1	6	6	
Permitted Phases	4	4	8	8	8	8	5	2	2	1	6	6	
Permitted Flashing Yellow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Detector Phases	4	4	4	8	8	8	5	2	2	1	6	6	
Switch Phase	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Leading Detector (ft)	20	100	20	—	100	20	20	100	20	20	100	20	
Trailing Detector (ft)	0	0	0	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Minimum Initial (s)	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	12.0	12.0	5.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	
Minimum Split (s)	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	
Total Split (s)	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	39.0	39.0	12.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	
Yellow Time (s)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	
All-Red Time (s)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	—	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	
Logging Phases?	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Allow Lead/Lag Optimize?	—	—	—	—	—	—	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
ICU: 0.70	None	None	None	None	None	None	C-Min	C-Min	None	C-Min	C-Min	None	
ICU LOS: C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Offset (s): 0.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Referenced to: Begin of Green	Actuated Effct. Green (s)	9.0	9.0	9.0	—	9.0	9.0	42.6	42.6	7.1	41.4	41.4	
Reference Phase: 2+6 - NBT SBT	Actuated g/C Ratio	0.14	0.14	0.14	—	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.11	0.64	0.64	
Coordination Mode: Fixed	Volume to Capacity Ratio	0.16	0.18	0.22	—	0.29	0.13	0.29	0.49	0.05	0.26	0.76	0.06
Master Intersection: —	Control Delay (s)	27.1	26.7	27.7	—	29.0	26.3	28.6	9.4	7.5	30.4	16.9	8.5
Yield Point: Single	Queue Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	—	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mandatory Stop On Yellow: —	Total Delay (s)	27.1	26.7	27.7	—	29.0	26.3	28.6	9.4	7.5	30.4	16.9	8.5
Approach Delay (s)	Level of Service	C	C	C	—	C	C	C	A	A	C	B	A
Approach LOS	Approach Delay (s)	—	27.2	—	—	28.1	—	—	10.4	—	—	17.0	—
Queue Length 50th (ft)	Approach LOS	—	C	—	—	C	—	—	B	—	—	B	—
Queue Length 95th (ft)	Queue Delay (s)	11	16	17	—	23	10	25	153	10	19	331	11
Stops (vph)	Total Delay (s)	32	43	45	—	55</							

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Map View Select Int. Lane Settings Templates Merge Template Volume Settings TIA Timing Settings Cluster Editor Phasing Settings TSD Detector Template Detection HCM 6th Ed Int. Results Mvmt Results HCM 2010 Int. Results Mvmt Results HCM 6th Edition HCM 2010 Simulation Settings Simulation Link Node Ln/Mvt Display Results

3 NC 70 & Yeargan Road

NODE SETTINGS		TIMING SETTINGS													
		EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	PED	HOLD
Node #	3														
ATMS.now Controller ID	0														
Import from ATMS.now:	Import														
Export to ATMS.now:	Export														
Zone:															
X East (ft):	2														
Y North (ft):	-13														
Z Elevation (ft):	0														
Description:															
Control Type:	Actd+Coord														
Cycle Length (s):	120.0														
Lock Timings:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>														
Optimize Cycle Length:	Optimize														
Optimize Splits:	Optimize														
Actuated Cycle(s):	120.0														
Natural Cycle(s):	65.0														
Max v/c Ratio:	0.66														
Intersection Delay (s):	14.7														
Intersection LOS:	B														
ICU:	0.70														
ICU LOS:	C														
Offset (s):	0.0														
Referenced to:	Begin of Green														
Reference Phase:	2+6 - NBT SBT														
Coordination Mode:	Fixed														
Master Intersection:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>														
Yield Point:	Single														
Mandatory Stop On Yellow:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>														
Approach Delay (s)	47.3														
Approach LOS	—	D	—	D	—	B	—	B	—	B	—	B	—	B	—
Queue Length 50th (ft)	22	33	29	—	46	18	52	195	13	37	406	14	—	—	—
Queue Length 95th (ft)	53	72	63	—	94	45	101	225	25	80	472	27	—	—	—
Stops (vph)	26	37	32	—	52	22	59	379	14	41	802	17	—	—	—
Fuel Used (g/hr)	1	1	1	—	2	1	2	16	1	1	24	1	—	—	—

Diagram showing traffic flow and signal timing for NC 70 & Yeargan Road. The diagram shows two main approaches (01 and 05) with various turn movements (02, 03, 04, 06, 07, 08) and their corresponding signal phases. The phases are color-coded: Green (01, 05, 02, 03, 04, 06, 07, 08), Yellow (01, 05, 02, 03, 04, 06, 07, 08), and Red (01, 05, 02, 03, 04, 06, 07, 08). The diagram also includes fuel used and minutes ok data.

Cycle Length is based on how many total possible (NEMA) phases there are. In this example, there are five total phases:

1. Phase 1 (SBL) runs with Phase 5 (NBL)
2. Phase 1 (SBL) runs with Phase 6 (SBT)
3. Phase 5 (NBL) runs with Phase 2 (NBT)
4. Phase 2 (NBT) runs with Phase 6 (SBT)
5. Phase 4 (EB) runs with Phase 8 (WB)

There can also be right-turn overlap where the right-turns run with nonconflicting left-turns. This option is permitted + overlap (pm+ov)

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Map View Select Int. View Options Lane Settings Templates Merge Template Volume Settings TIA Timing Settings Cluster Editor Phasing Settings Signal Timing Detector Template Detection HCM 6th Ed Int. Results Mvmt Results HCM 6th Edition HCM 2010 Int. Results Mvmt Results HCM 2010 Simulation Settings SimTraffic Link Node Ln/Mvt Display Results

3 NC 70 & Yeargan Road

NODE SETTINGS		TIMING SETTINGS													
		EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	PED	HOLD
Node #	3														
ATMS.now Controller ID	0														
Import from ATMS.now:	Import														
Export to ATMS.now:	Export														
Zone:															
X East (ft):	2														
Y North (ft):	-13														
Z Elevation (ft):	0														
Description:															
Control Type:	Actd+Coord														
Cycle Length (s):	120.0														
Lock Timings:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>														
Optimize Cycle Length:	Optimize														
Optimize Splits:	Optimize														
Actuated Cycle(s):	120.0														
Natural Cycle(s):	65.0														
Max v/c Ratio:	0.66														
Intersection Delay (s):	14.7														
Intersection LOS:	B														
ICU:	0.70														
ICU LOS:	C														
Offset (s):	0.0														
Referenced to:	Begin of Green														
Reference Phase:	2+6 - NBT SBT														
Coordination Mode:	Fixed														
Master Intersection:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>														
Yield Point:	Single														
Mandatory Stop On Yellow:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>														
Approach Decay (s):	47.3														
Approach LOS:	— D —														
Queue Length 50th (ft):	22 33 29														
Queue Length 95th (ft):	53 72 63														
Stops (vph):	26 37 32														
Fuel Used (g/hr):	1 1 1														

The “Natural Cycle” is generally the cycle length where the signal runs with the least amount of delay. If this number is greater than the minimum cycle length in our guidelines, then click “Optimize Cycle Length” to use this length. Otherwise, use our minimum as shown below. “Optimize Splits” should always be clicked. This optimizes how much green time each phase in order to achieve the best LOS/delay. This is based on the traffic volumes.

Recommended Minimum Cycle Lengths by Phase	
Number of Phases	Minimum Recommended (seconds)**
2	60
3	90
4 or more*	120

Maximum recommended cycle length is 180, but circumstances may warrant cycle lengths up to 240 seconds.

* Traffic Signal Timing Manual (FHWA) for planning level analysis.
** All cycle lengths should be rounded to the nearest 5 seconds.

01 ↑ 02 (R)
04 ↑ 08
05 ↓ 06 (R)
07 ↓ 08

Fuel Used. (gallons/hour) v/c ok Mins ok

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3 NC 70 & Yeargan Road

NODE SETTINGS		TIMING SETTINGS													
		EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	PED	HOLD
Node #	3														
ATMS.now Controller ID	0														
Import from ATMS.now:	Import														
Export to ATMS.now:	Export														
Zone:															
X East (ft):	2														
Y North (ft):	-13														
Z Elevation (ft):	0														
Description:															
Control Type:	Actd+Coord														
Cycle Length (s):	120.0														
Lock Timings:	<input type="checkbox"/>														
Optimize Cycle Length:	Optimize														
Optimize Split:	Optimize														
Actuated Cycle(s):	120.0														
Natural Cycle(s):	65.0														
Max v/c Ratio:	0.66														
Intersection Delay (s):	14.7														
Intersection LOS:	B														
ICU:	0.70														
ICU LOS:	C														
Offset (s):	0.0														
Referenced to:	Begin of Green														
Reference Phase:	2+6 - NBT SBT														
Coordination Mode:	Fixed														
Master Intersection:	<input type="checkbox"/>														
Yield Point:	Single														
Mandatory Stop On Yellow:	<input type="checkbox"/>														
Approach Delay (s):	47.3														
Approach LOS:	D														
Queue Length 50th (ft):	22	33	29	—	46	18	52	195	13	37	406	14	—		
Queue Length 95th (ft):	53	72	63	—	94	45	101	225	25	80	472	27	—		
Stops (vph):	26	37	32	—	52	22	59	379	14	41	802	17	—		
Fuel Used (g/hr):	1	1	1	—	2	1	2	16	1	1	24	1	—		

Diagram showing signal timing phases for NC 70 & Yeargan Road. The diagram shows two sets of signals, O1 and O2, with their respective timing phases and cycle lengths. The top row shows signal O1 with phases 1 through 6 and a cycle length of 120.0. The bottom row shows signal O2 with phases 1 through 6 and a cycle length of 65.0. The legend indicates: Green = Go, Yellow = Caution, Red = Stop, and Black = Don't Care.

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Splits Cycle Length Offset Partition Network **Cycle Length** **Offsets**

Intersection Network

NODE SETTINGS

Node #	3
ATMS.now Controller ID	0
Import from ATMS.now:	Import
Export to ATMS.now:	Export
Zone:	
X East (ft):	2
Y North (ft):	-13
Z Elevation (ft):	0
Description:	
Control Type:	Actd-Coord
Cycle Length (s)	120.0
Lock Timings:	
Optimize Cycle Length:	Optimize
Optimize Splits:	Optimize
Actuated Cycle(s):	120.0
Natural Cycle(s):	65.0
Max v/c Ratio:	0.65
Intersection Delay (s):	14.7
Intersection LOS:	B
ICU:	0.70
ICU LOS:	C
Offset (s):	0.0
Referenced to:	Begin of Green
Reference Phase:	2+6 - NBT SBT
Coordination Mode:	Fixed
Master Intersection:	
Yield Point:	Single
Mandatory Stop On Yellow:	

TIMING SETTINGS

Lanes and Sharing (HRL)	EBT	EBP	WBL	WBR	NBL	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBP	PED	HOLD	
Traffic Volume (vph)	27	41	43	22	35	26	63	1025	50	45	1549	52
Future Volume (vph)	27	41	43	22	35	26	63	1025	50	45	1549	52
Turn Type	Perm	—	Perm	—	Perm	Prot	—	Perm	Prot	—	Perm	—
Protected Phases	4	4	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Permitted Phases	4	4	8	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Permitted Flashing Yellow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Detector Phases	4	4	4	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Switch Phase	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Leading Detector (ft)	20	100	20	—	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Trailing Detector (ft)	0	0	0	—	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Minimum Initial (s)	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Minimum Split (s)	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Split (s)	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yellow Time (s)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All-Red Time (s)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lagging Phase?	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Allow Lead/Lag Optimize?	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speed limit (mph)	—	30	—	—	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Actuated Effct. Green (s)	11.1	11.1	11.1	—	11.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.09	0.09	0.09	—	0.09	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Volume to Capacity Ratio	0.24	0.27	0.33	—	0.43	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Controlled (s)	55.2	54.4	57.0	—	60.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Queue Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	—	0.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Delay (s)	—	54.4	57.0	—	60.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Level of Service	E	E	E	—	E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approach Delay (s)	55.6	—	—	—	58.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Approach LOS	—	E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Queue Length 50th (ft)	22	33	35	—	46	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Queue Length 95th (ft)	53	72	75	—	94	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stops (vph)	26	37	39	—	52	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fuel Used (g/hr)	1	1	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Offsets

Optimize Cycle Lengths

Min: 60, Max: 200, Increment: 5

Allow Uncordinated: Sometimes (50)

Allow Half Cycle Length:

Preserve Files For Each Cycle Length:

Optimize Phase Sequence:

Offset Optimization: Medium

Weighting: No Weighting, Optimize using Phs Weighting, Optimize using RelPhs Weighting

Scope: Zone, Entire Network

Write Timing File: File Name: S:\TMU\Congestion\Regions\West\Danell\Training\Timin

Timing Plan: OptCycle

Offsets

01 ↑ 02 (R)
14 s 39 s

05 ↓ 06 (R)
16 s 67 s

04 ↑ 08
17 s 17 s

v/c ok Mins ok

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Map View Select Int. Lane Settings Templates Merge Template Volume Settings TIA Timing Settings Cluster Editor Phasing Settings TSD Detector Template Detection HCM 6th Ed Int. Results Mvmt Results HCM 2010 Int. Results Mvmt Results Simulation Settings SimTraffic Link Node Ln/Mvt Display Results

3 NC 70 & Yeargan Road

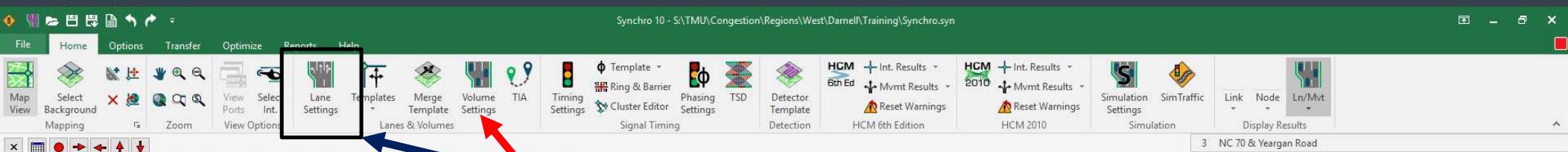
NODE SETTINGS		TIMING SETTINGS													
		EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	Prot	HOLD
Node #	3														
ATMS.now Controller ID	0														
Import from ATMS.now:	Import														
Export to ATMS.now:	Export														
Zone:															
X:East (ft)	2														
Y:North (ft)	-13														
Z: Elevation (ft)	0														
Description															
Control Type	Actd-Coord														
Cycle Length (s):	120.0														
Lock Timings:															
Optimize Cycle Length:	Optimize														
Optimize Spots:	Optimize														
Actuated Cycle(s):	120.0														
Natural Cycle(s):	65.0														
Measure Ratio:	0.60														
Intersection Delay (s):	14.7														
Intersection LOS:	E														
ICU	0.70														
ICU LOS:	C														
Offset (s):	0.0														
Referenced to:	Begin of Green														
Reference Phase:	2+6 - NBT SBT														
Coordination Mode:	Fixed														
Master Intersection:															
Yield Point:	Single														
Mandatory Stop On Yellow:															

This section provides the LOS and delay for the whole intersection. If your intersection is stop-controlled, there is no LOS/delay for the whole intersection, instead use the worst movement LOS/delay from "HCM 6th Ed".

This section shows the LOS and delay for each signalized intersection movement.

This section shows the LOS and delay for each approach. Approach is all the movements for a direction. Ex. SBL is a movement, SBL+SBT+SBR is the approach.

01 ↑ 02 (R)
03 ↓ 05 (R)
06 ↑ 07 (R)
Fuel Used. (gallons/hour) v/c ok Mins ok

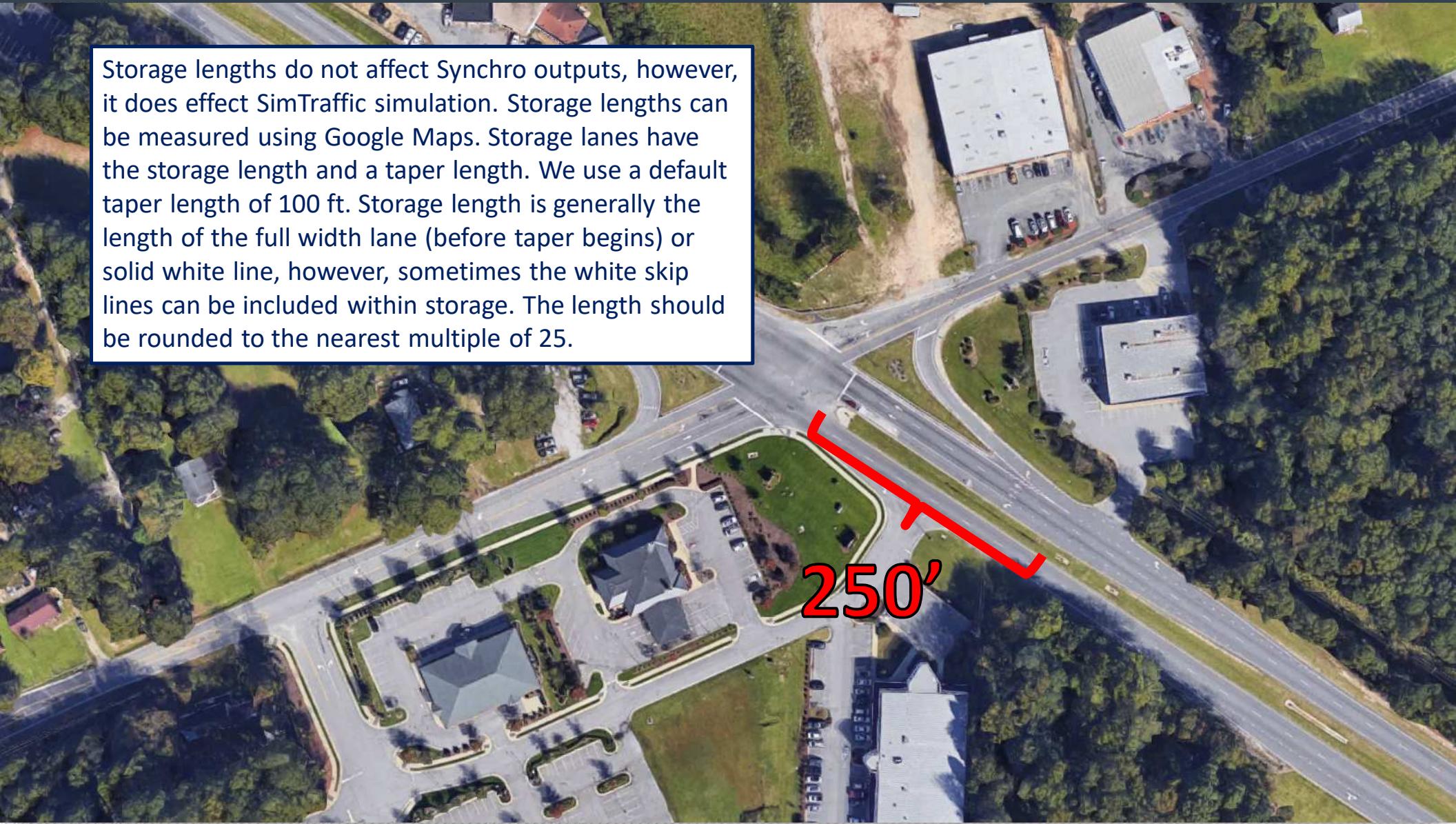


Lane Settings											
	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	RTOR
Lanes and Sharing (HRL)											
Traffic Volume (vph)	27	41	43	22	35	26	63	1025	50	45	1549
Future Volume (vph)	27	41	43	22	35	26	63	1025	50	45	1549
Street Name	Yeargan Road	Yeargan Road	Yeargan Road	NC 70	NC 70	NC 70					
Link Distance (ft)	—	1317	—	—	1172	—	—	1505	—	—	968
Link Speed (mph)	—	35	—	—	35	—	—	45	—	—	45
Set Aerial Name and Speed	—	EB	—	—	WB	—	—	NB	—	—	SB
Travel Time (s)	—	25.7	—	—	22.8	—	—	22.8	—	—	14.7
Ideal Satd. Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Grade (%)	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0
Area Type CBD	—	□	—	—	□	—	—	□	—	—	□
Storage Length (ft)	0	—	0	0	—	0	0	0	—	0	—
Storage Lanes (#)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Right Turn Channelized	—	—	None	—	—	None	—	—	None	—	—
Curb Radius (ft)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Add Lanes (#)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lane Utilization Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95
Right Turn Factor	1.000	1.000	0.850	—	1.000	0.850	1.000	1.000	0.850	1.000	1.000
Left Turn Factor (prot)	0.950	1.000	1.000	—	0.981	1.000	0.950	1.000	1.000	0.950	1.000
Saturated Flow Rate (prot)	1770	1863	1583	—	1827	1583	1770	3539	1583	1770	3539
Left Turn Factor (perm)	0.716	1.000	1.000	—	0.855	1.000	0.950	1.000	1.000	0.950	1.000
Right Ped Bike Factor	1.000	1.000	1.000	—	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Left Ped Factor	1.000	1.000	1.000	—	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Saturated Flow Rate (perm)	1334	1863	1583	—	1593	1583	1770	3539	1583	1770	3539
Right Turn on Red?	—	—	□	—	—	□	—	—	□	—	—
Saturated Flow Rate (RTOR)	0	0	0	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Link Is Hidden	—	□	—	—	□	—	—	□	—	—	□
Hide Name in Node Title	—	□	—	—	□	—	—	□	—	—	□

This screen is “Lane Settings”. On this screen you can edit the traffic volumes, street names, speed limits and storage lengths, amount of storage lanes, right-turn channelization, right-turn on red (RTOR).

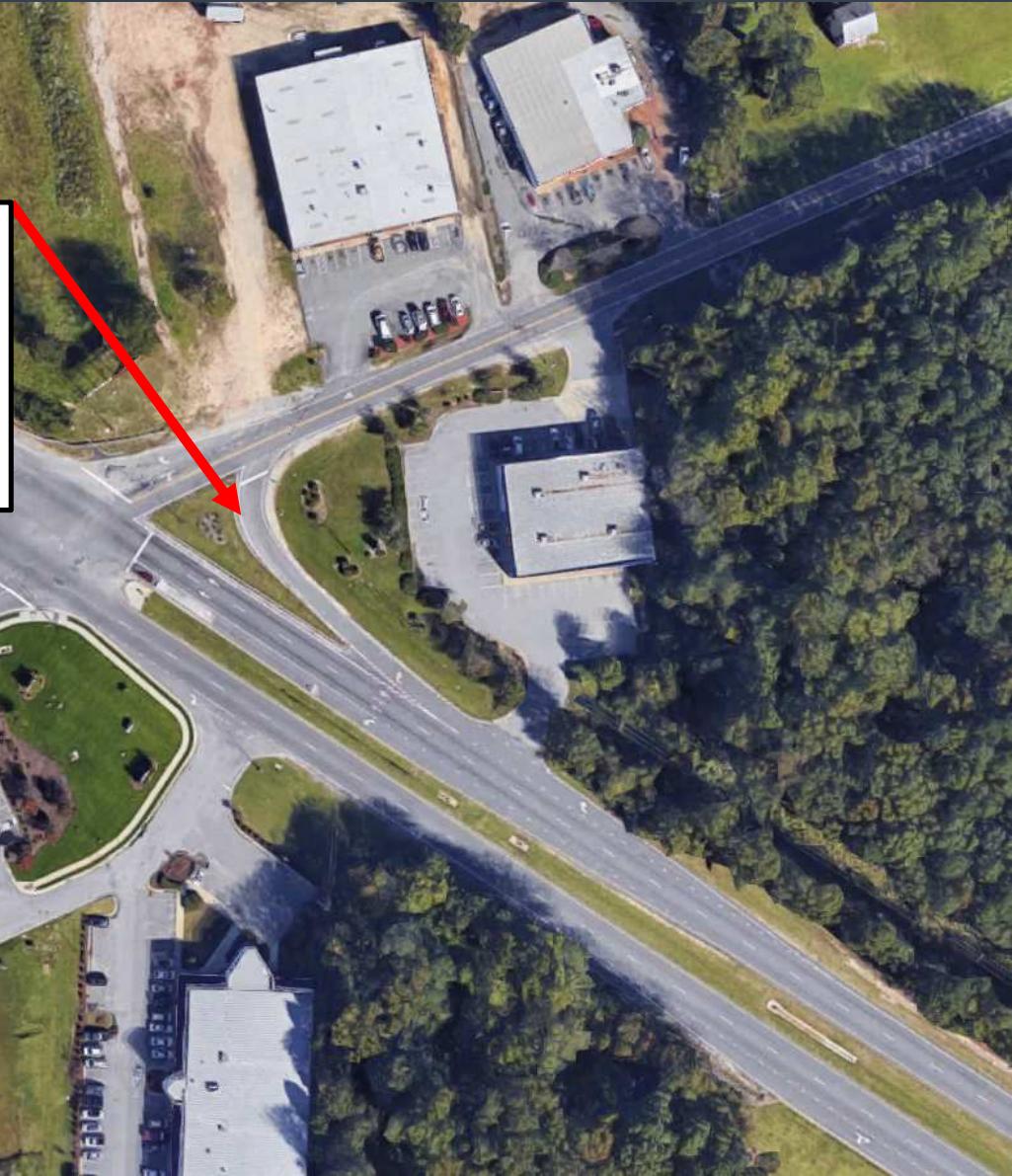
Similarly, the “Volume Settings” screen can be used to key in Heavy Vehicle percentages, peak hour factors, and Growth Factor (if applicable)

Storage lengths do not affect Synchro outputs, however, it does effect SimTraffic simulation. Storage lengths can be measured using Google Maps. Storage lanes have the storage length and a taper length. We use a default taper length of 100 ft. Storage length is generally the length of the full width lane (before taper begins) or solid white line, however, sometimes the white skip lines can be included within storage. The length should be rounded to the nearest multiple of 25.





This is called a channelized right-turn. Synchro has an option in the “Lane Settings” tab to enter in channelization. These right-turn lanes will still have storage length. Channelization will only affect SimTraffic.

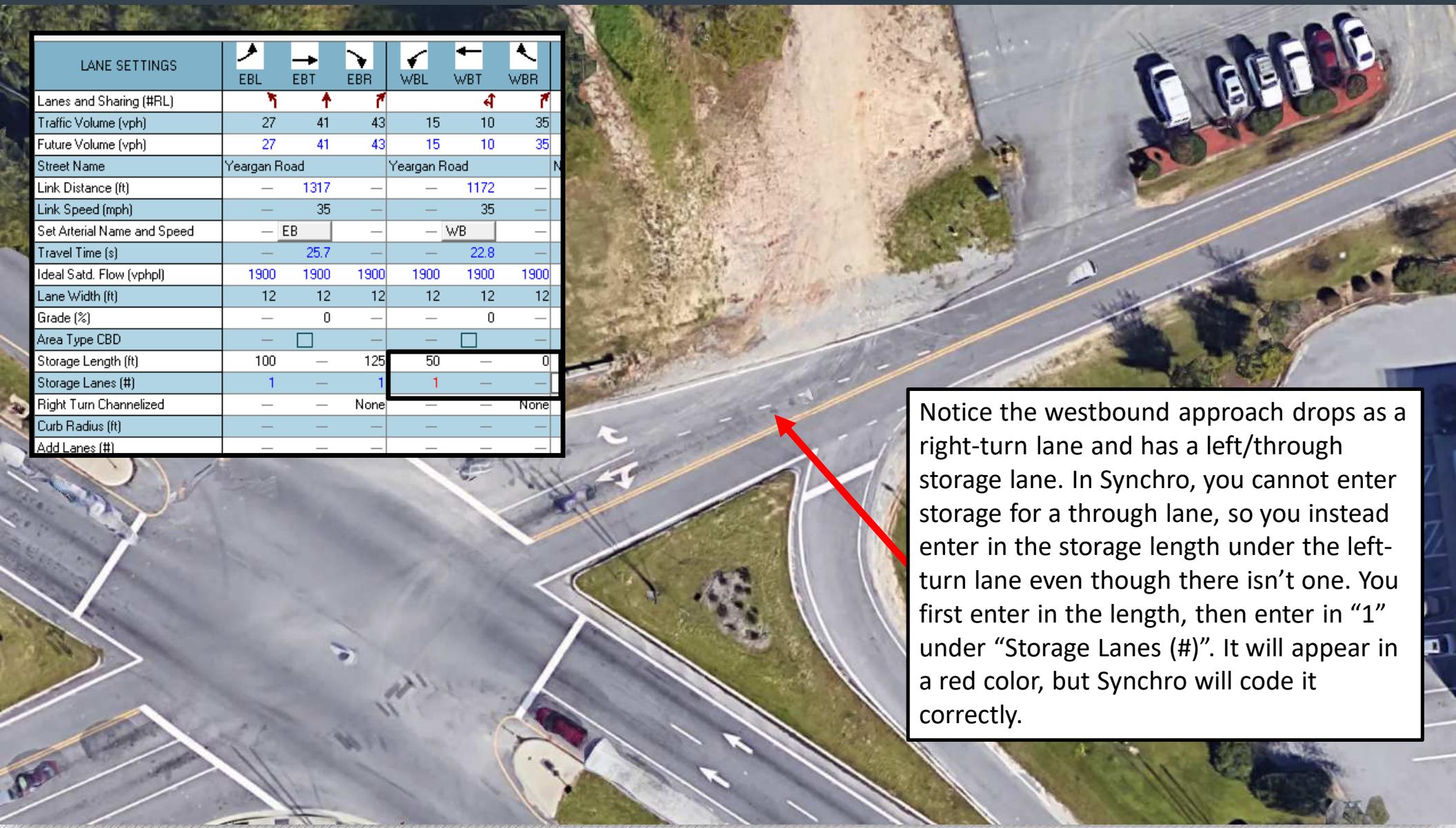


This is called a channelized right-turn. Synchro has an option in the “Lane Settings” tab to enter in channelization. These right-turn lanes will still have storage length. Channelization will only affect SimTraffic.

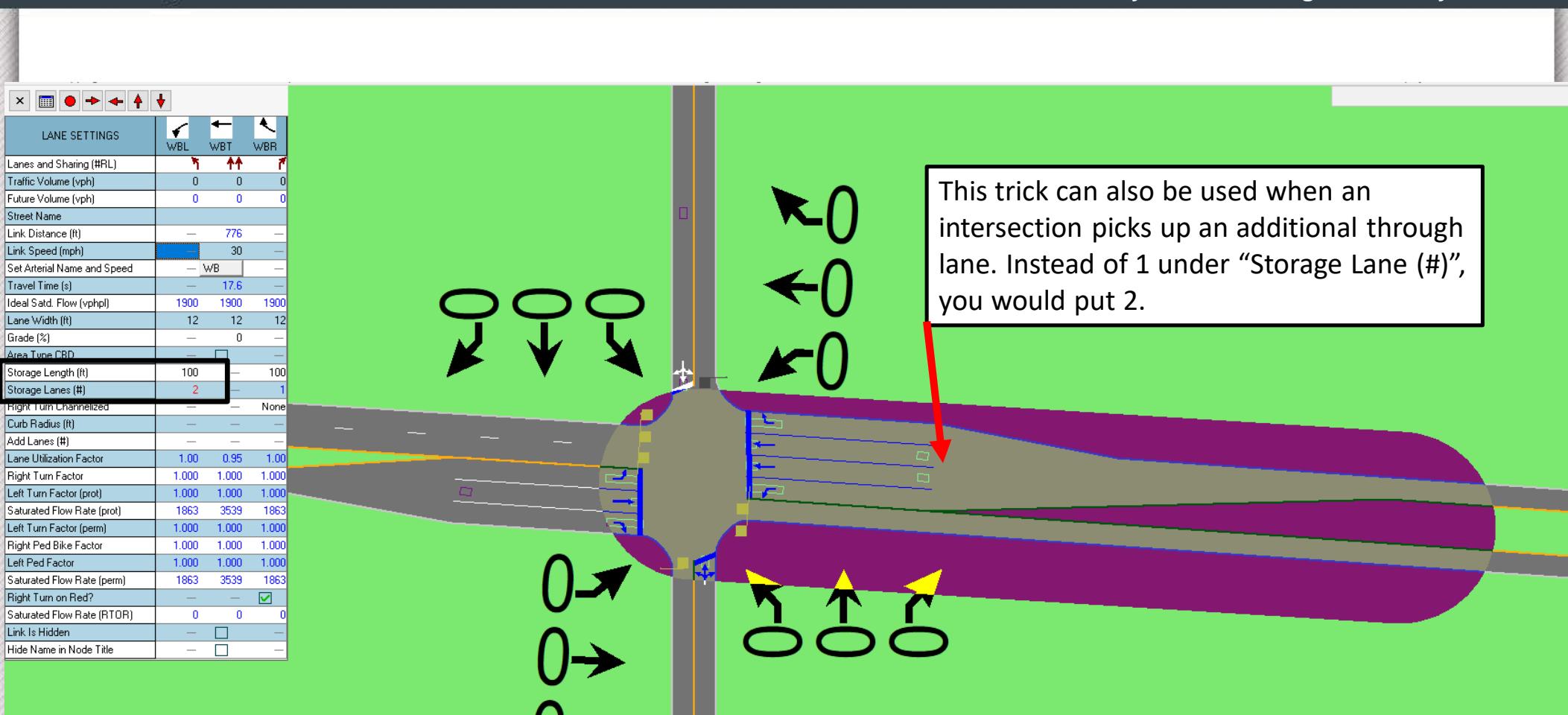
LANE SETTINGS			
NBL	NBT	NBR	
Lanes and Sharing (#RL)	1	2	
Traffic Volume (vph)	63	1025	50
Future Volume (vph)	63	1025	50
Street Name	NC 70		
Link Distance (ft)	—	1505	—
Link Speed (mph)	—	45	—
Set Aerial Name and Speed	—	NB	—
Travel Time (s)	—	22.8	—
Ideal Saturated Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12
Grade (%)	—	0	—
Area Type CBD	—	□	—
Storage Length (ft)	250	—	300
Storage Lanes (#)	1	1	1
Right Turn Channelized	—	—	Stop
Curb Radius (ft)	—	—	50
Add Lanes (#)	—	—	0
Lane Utilization Factor	1.00	0.95	1.00
Right Turn Factor	1.000	1.000	0.850
Left Turn Factor (prot)	0.950	1.000	1.000
Saturated Flow Rate (prot)	1770	3539	1583
Left Turn Factor (perm)	0.950	1.000	1.000
Right Ped Bike Factor	1.000	1.000	1.000
Left Ped Factor	1.000	1.000	1.000
Saturated Flow Rate (perm)	1770	3539	1583
Right Turn on Red?	—	—	□
Saturated Flow Rate (RTDR)	0	0	0
Link Is Hidden	—	□	—
Hide Name in Node Title	—	□	—



LANE SETTINGS	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR
Lanes and Sharing (#RL)	27	41	43	15	10	35
Traffic Volume (vph)	27	41	43	15	10	35
Future Volume (vph)	27	41	43	15	10	35
Street Name	Yeargan Road		Yeargan Road			
Link Distance (ft)	—	1317	—	—	1172	—
Link Speed (mph)	—	35	—	—	35	—
Set Arterial Name and Speed	—	EB	—	—	WB	—
Travel Time (s)	—	25.7	—	—	22.8	—
Ideal Satd. Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12	12	12	12
Grade (%)	—	0	—	—	0	—
Area Type CBD	—	□	—	—	□	—
Storage Length (ft)	100	—	125	50	—	0
Storage Lanes (#)	1	—	1	1	—	—
Right Turn Channelized	—	—	None	—	—	None
Curb Radius (ft)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Add Lanes (#)	—	—	—	—	—	—



Notice the westbound approach drops as a right-turn lane and has a left/through storage lane. In Synchro, you cannot enter storage for a through lane, so you instead enter in the storage length under the left-turn lane even though there isn't one. You first enter in the length, then enter in "1" under "Storage Lanes (#)". It will appear in a red color, but Synchro will code it correctly.



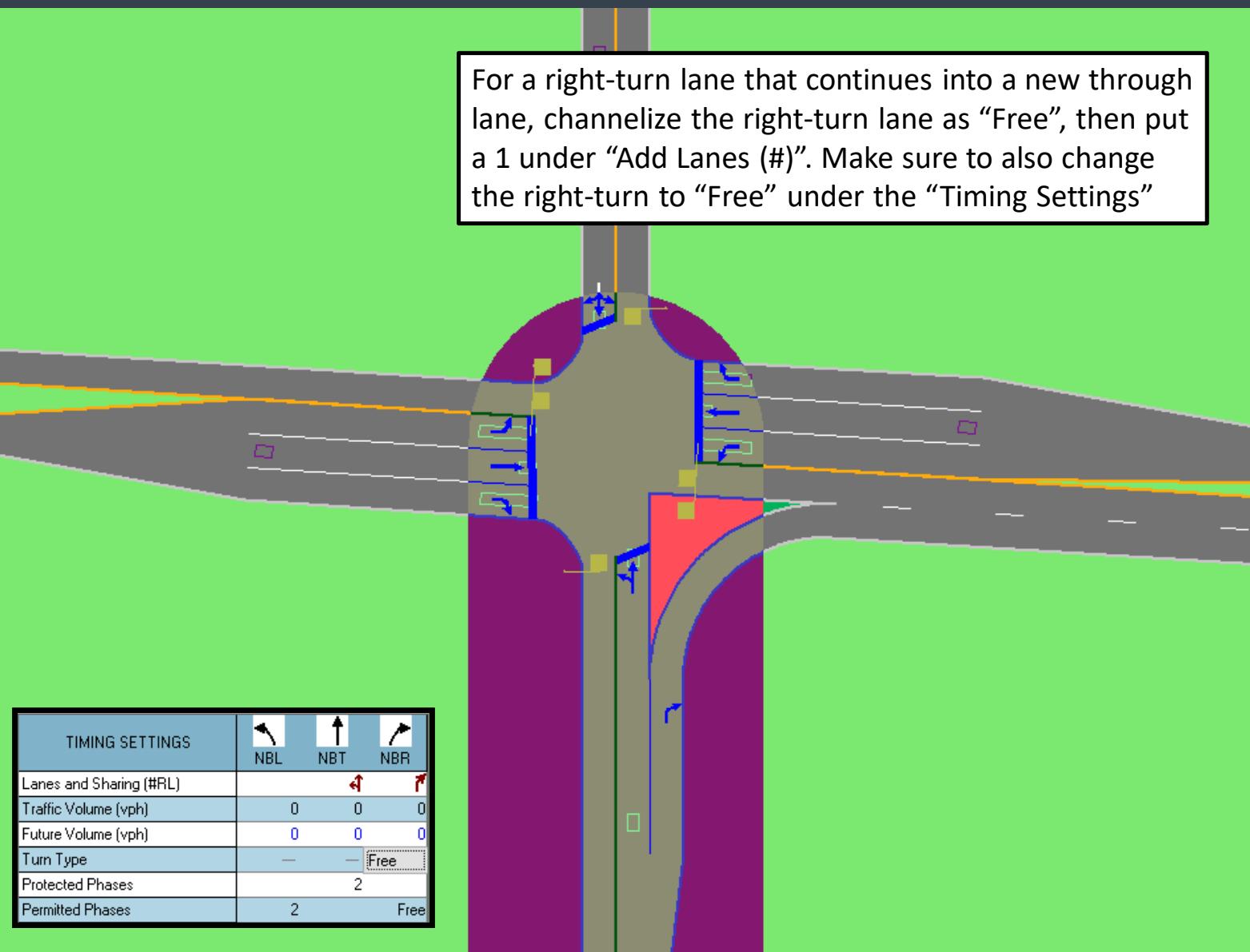


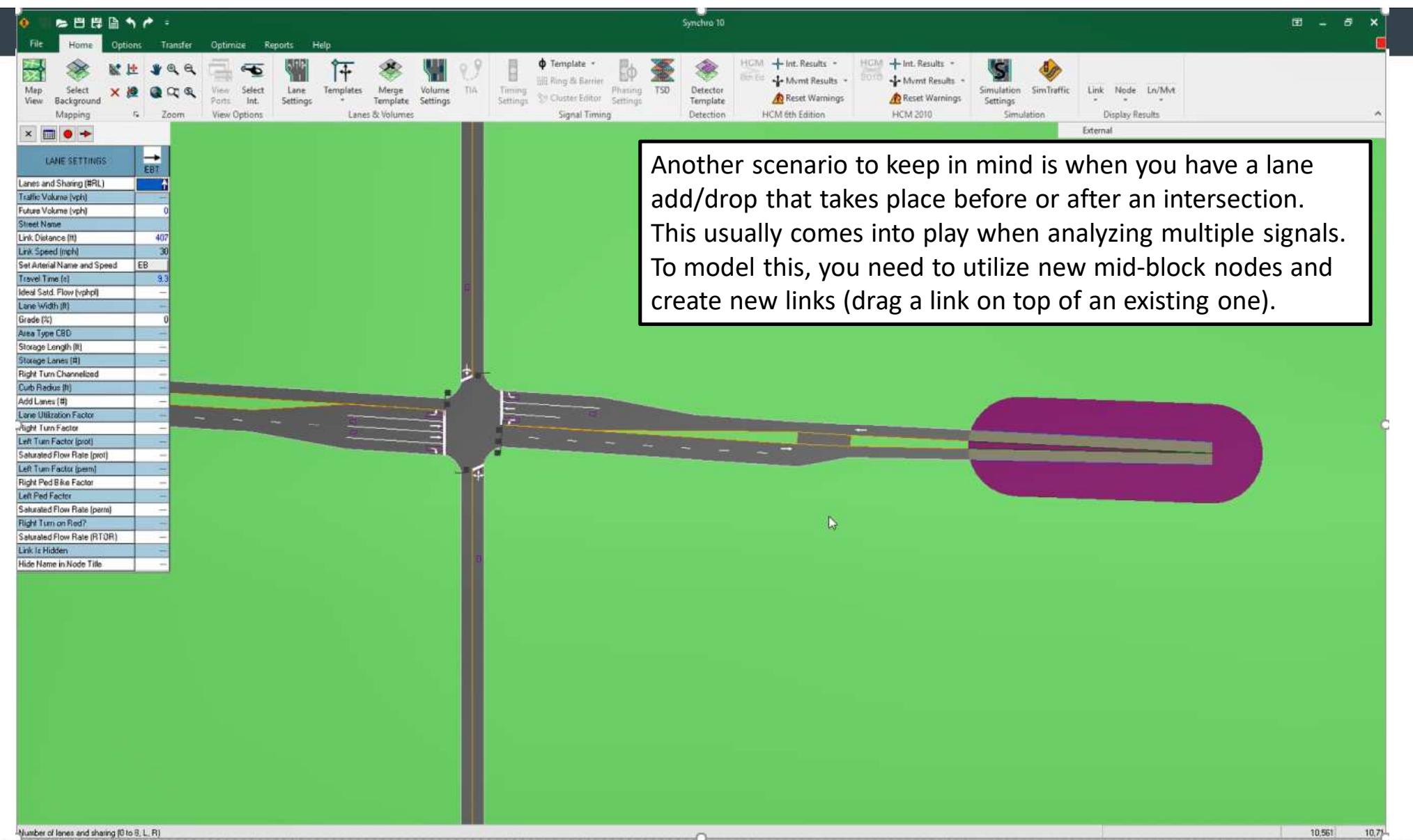
Another scenario is having a channelized right-turn lane that then continues on as its own lane.

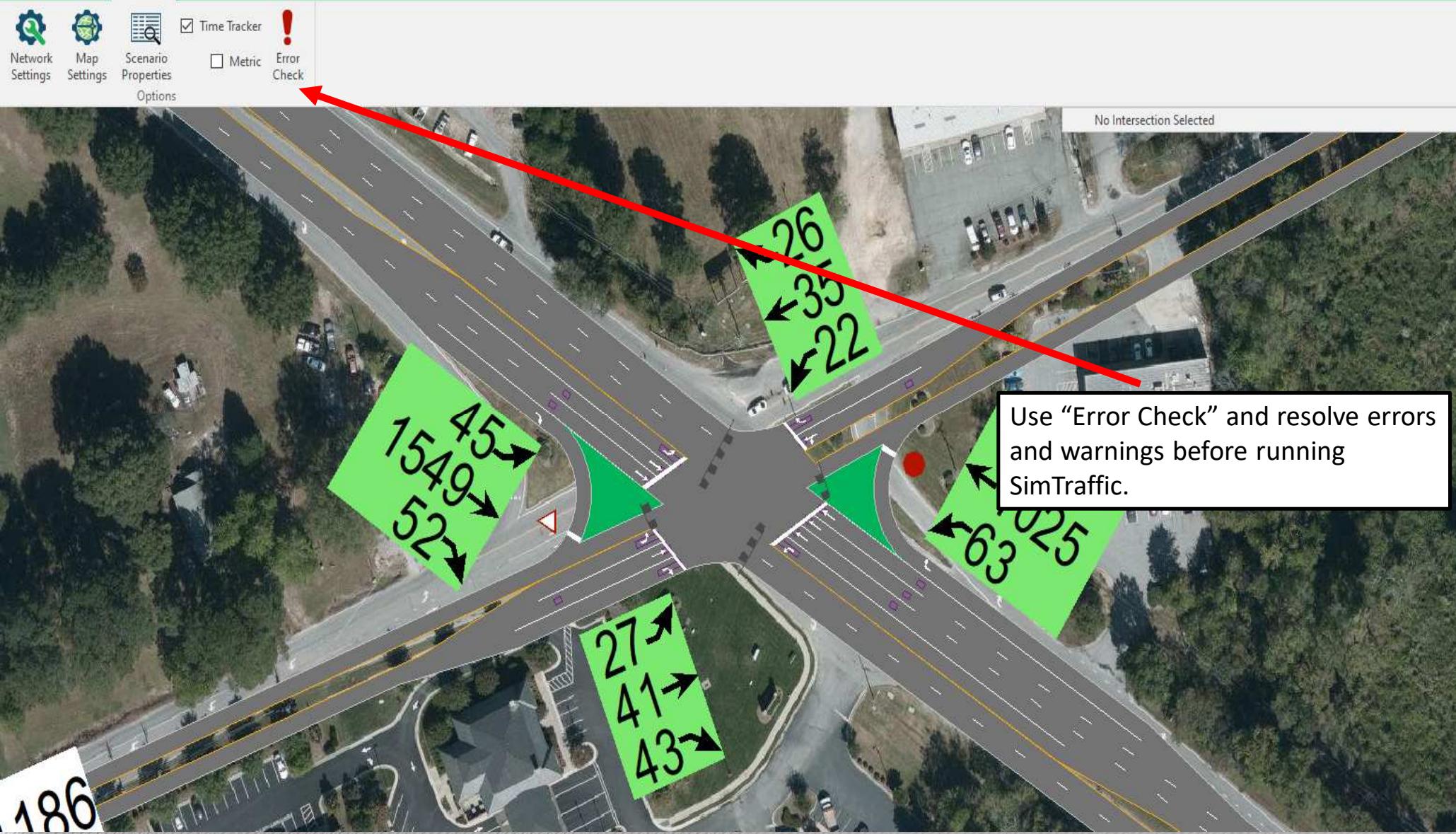
Street Name	—		
Link Distance (ft)	—	521	—
Link Speed (mph)	—	30	—
Set Arterial Name and Speed	—	NB	—
Travel Time (s)	—	11.8	—
Desired Satd. Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900
Lane Width (ft)	12	12	12
Grade (%)	—	0	—
Area Type CBD	—	<input type="checkbox"/>	—
Storage Length (ft)	100	—	100
Storage Lanes (#)	0	—	1
Right Turn Channelized	—	—	Free
Curb Radius (ft)	—	—	50
Add Lanes (#)	—	—	1
Lane Utilization Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00
Right Turn Factor	—	1.000	1.000
Left Turn Factor (prot)	—	1.000	1.000
Saturated Flow Rate (prot)	—	1863	1863
Left Turn Factor (perm)	—	1.000	1.000
Right Ped Bike Factor	—	1.000	1.000
Left Ped Factor	—	1.000	1.000
Saturated Flow Rate (perm)	—	1863	1863
Right Turn on Red?	—	—	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Saturated Flow Rate (RTOR)	—	0	0
Link Is Hidden	—	<input type="checkbox"/>	—
Hide Name in Node Title	—	<input type="checkbox"/>	—

For a right-turn lane that continues into a new through lane, channelize the right-turn lane as "Free", then put a 1 under "Add Lanes (#)". Make sure to also change the right-turn to "Free" under the "Timing Settings"

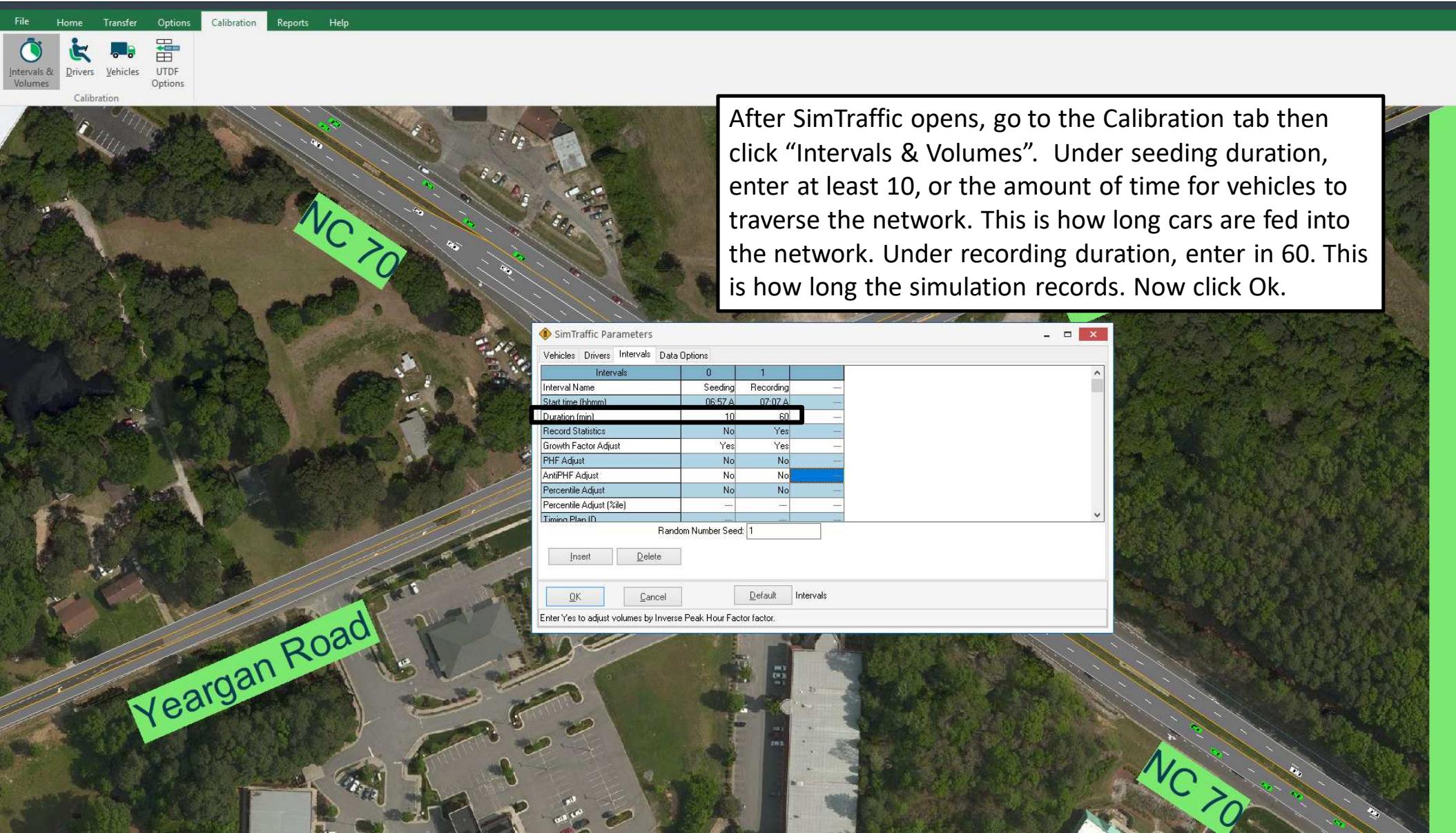
TIMING SETTINGS	 NBL	 NBT	 NBR
Lanes and Sharing (#RL)	—	—	1
Traffic Volume (vph)	0	0	0
Future Volume (vph)	0	0	0
Turn Type	—	—	Free
Protected Phases	—	—	2
Permitted Phases	2	—	Free



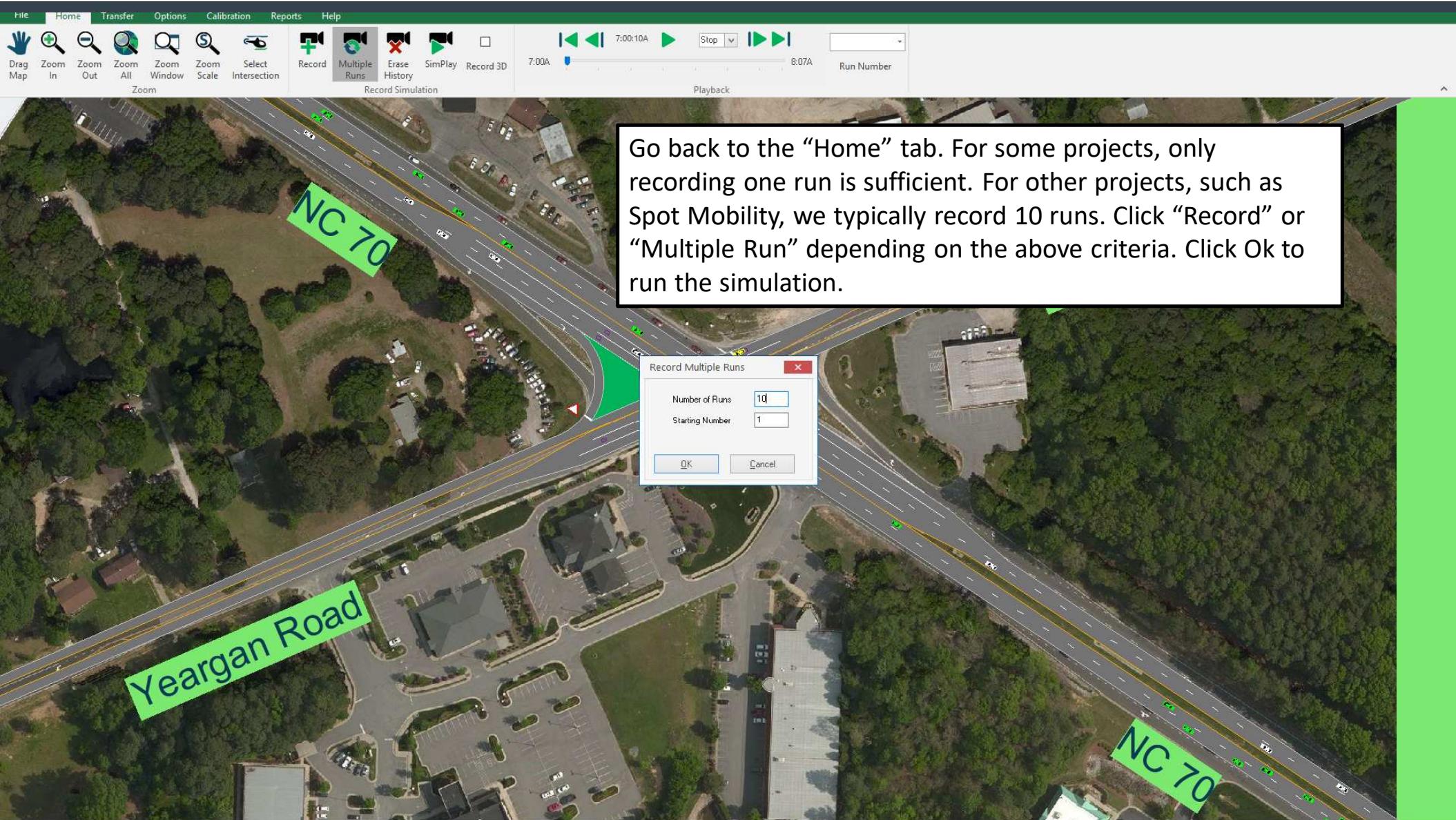


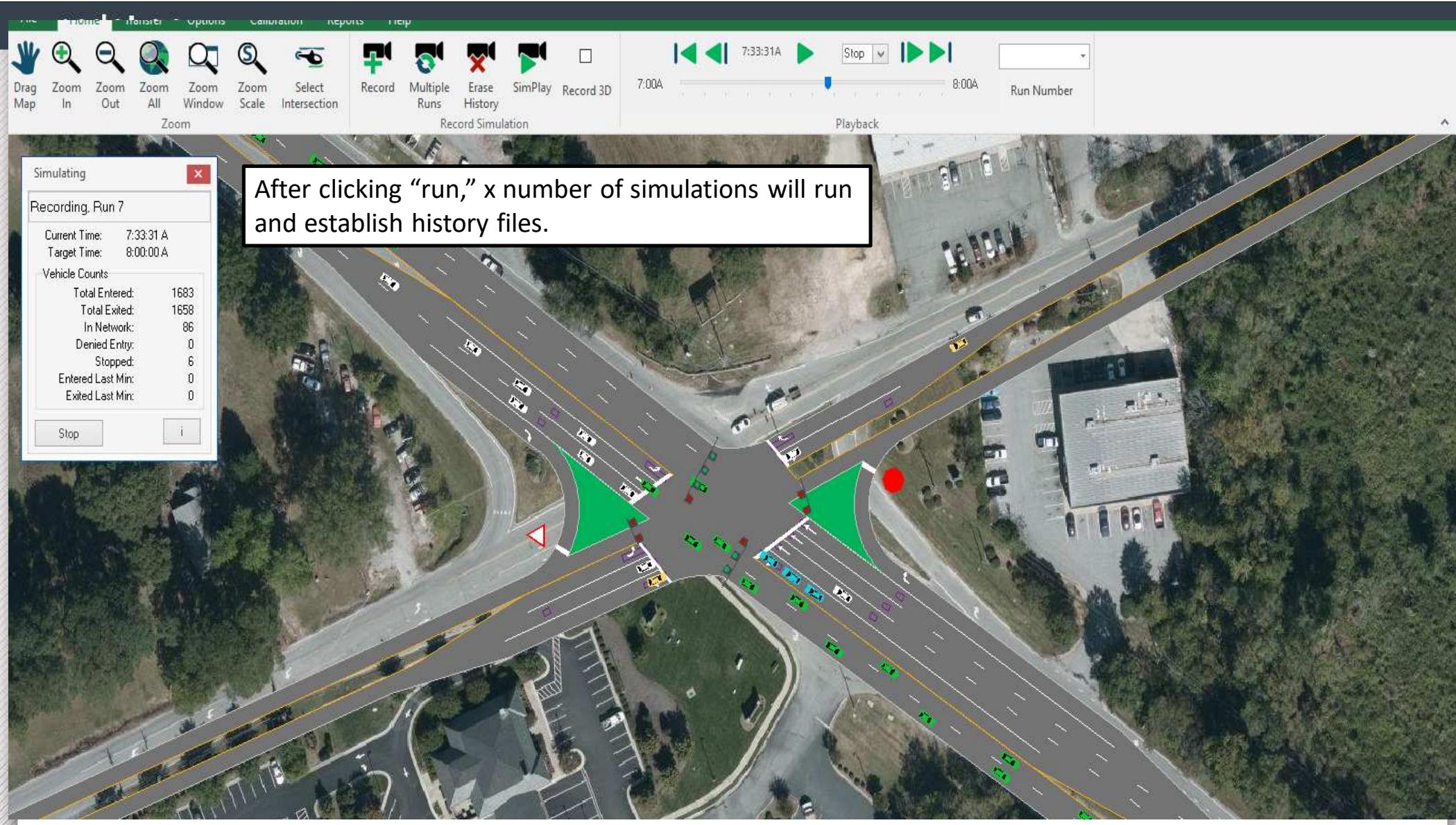


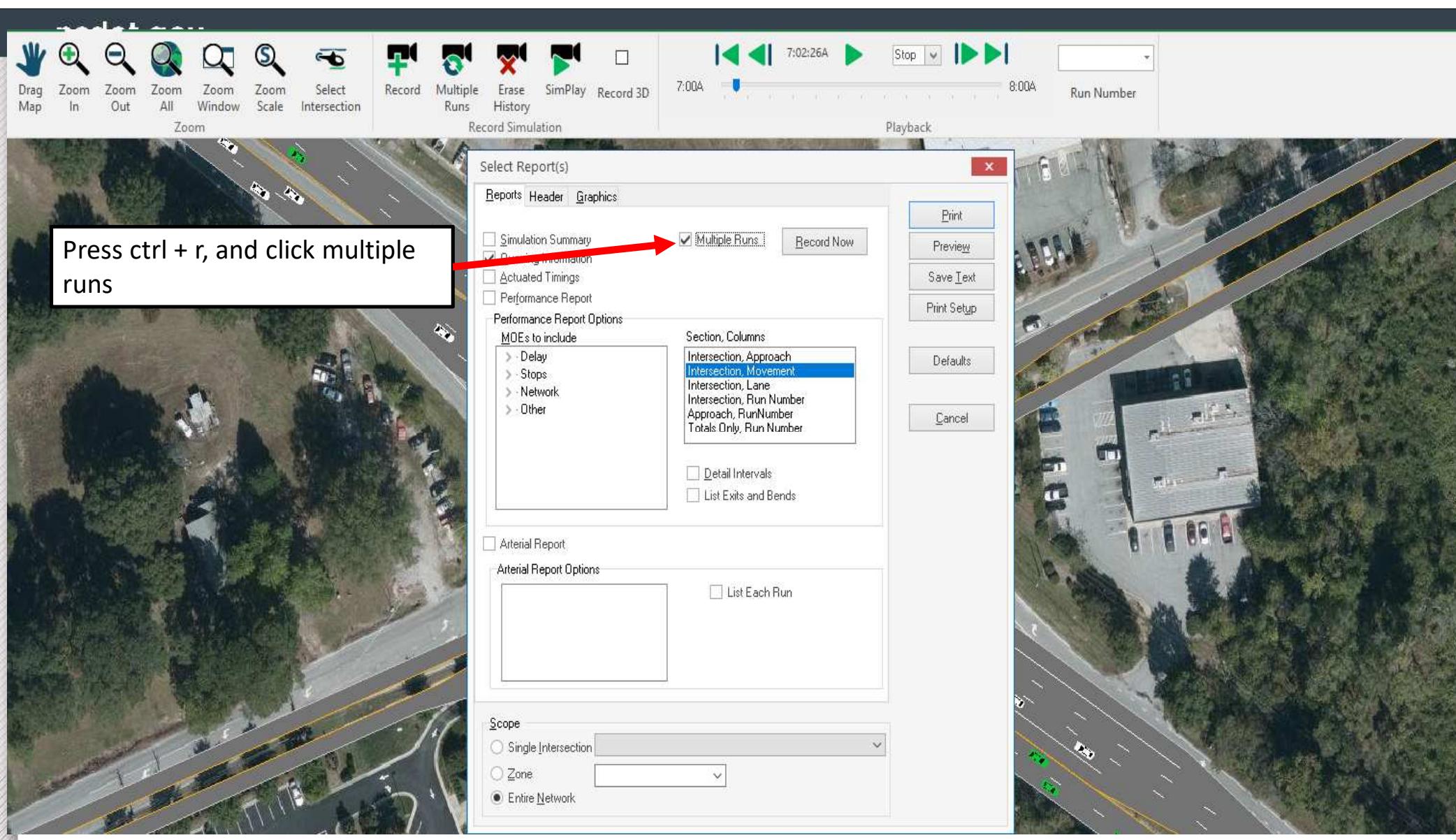


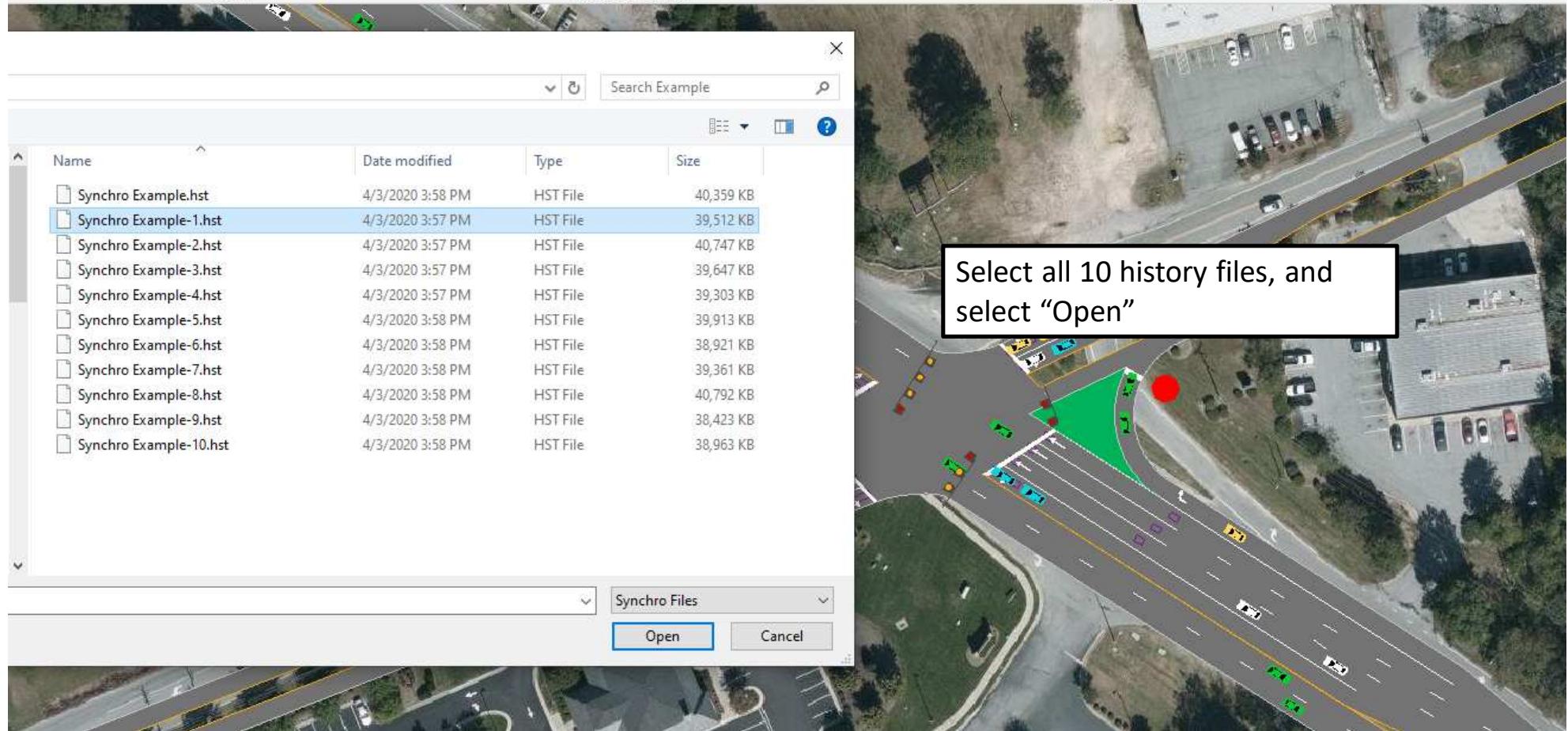
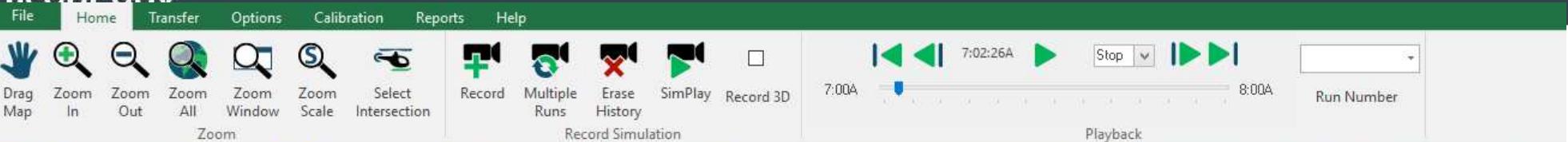


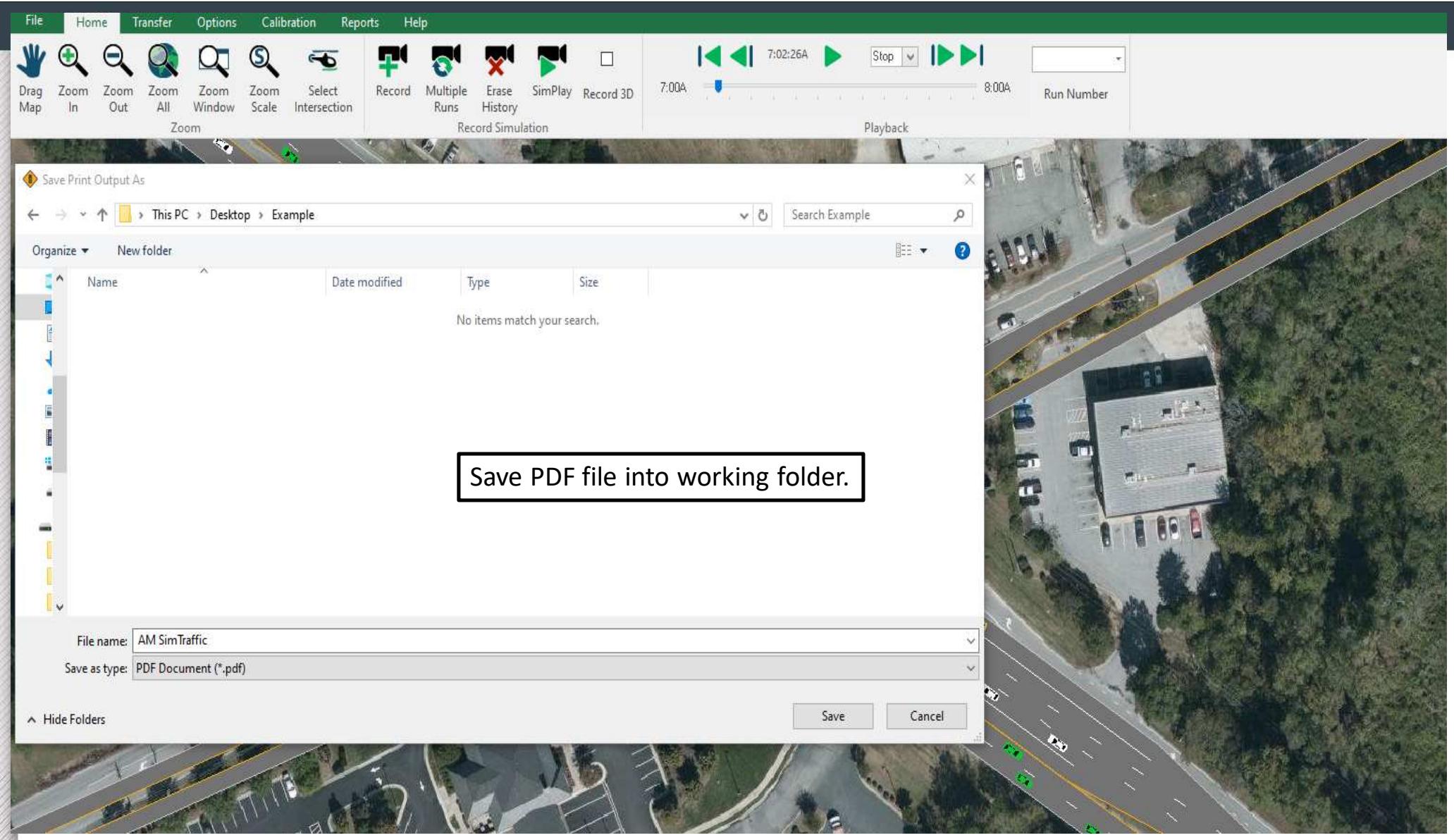
After SimTraffic opens, go to the Calibration tab then click “Intervals & Volumes”. Under seeding duration, enter at least 10, or the amount of time for vehicles to traverse the network. This is how long cars are fed into the network. Under recording duration, enter in 60. This is how long the simulation records. Now click Ok.











SimTraffic Queuing and Blocking Report

Queuing and Blocking Report

Baseline

04/03/2020

Intersection: 1: US 70 & Yeargan Rd

Movement	EB	EB	EB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	T	R	LT	R	L	T	T	T	R	L	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	73	86	90	115	84	108	186	178	139	22	152	376
Average Queue (ft)	22	26	26	42	16	37	99	88	43	1	32	214
95th Queue (ft)	55	61	64	86	49	84	168	161	112	22	90	339
Link Distance (ft)	1120				1649		1419	1419	1419		1497	
Upstream Blk Time (%)												
Queuing Penalty (veh)												
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	100		125	100		250			300	200		
Storage Blk Time (%)	0	0	0	2	0						8	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	0	0	0	0	0						4	

Intersection: 1: US 70 & Yeargan Rd

Movement	SB	SB
Directions Served	T	R
Maximum Queue (ft)	374	59
Average Queue (ft)	212	3
95th Queue (ft)	341	51
Link Distance (ft)	1497	
Upstream Blk Time (%)		
Queuing Penalty (veh)		
Storage Bay Dist (ft)		200
Storage Blk Time (%)	7	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	4	

Compare SimTraffic Max. Queue to determine storage length needs

Beware of cases where the Maximum Queue extends beyond the Storage Bay Distance. Additional analysis may be necessary extending Storage Bay Distances.

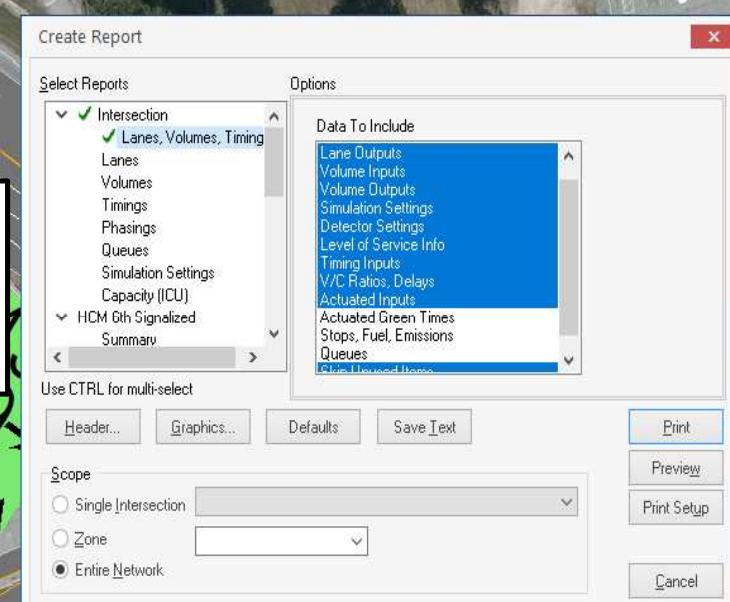
Network Summary

Network wide Queuing Penalty: 8



Reports

Select Intersection – Lanes, Volumes, and Timings and Print to generate Synchro Report



Synchro Lanes, Volumes, Timings Report

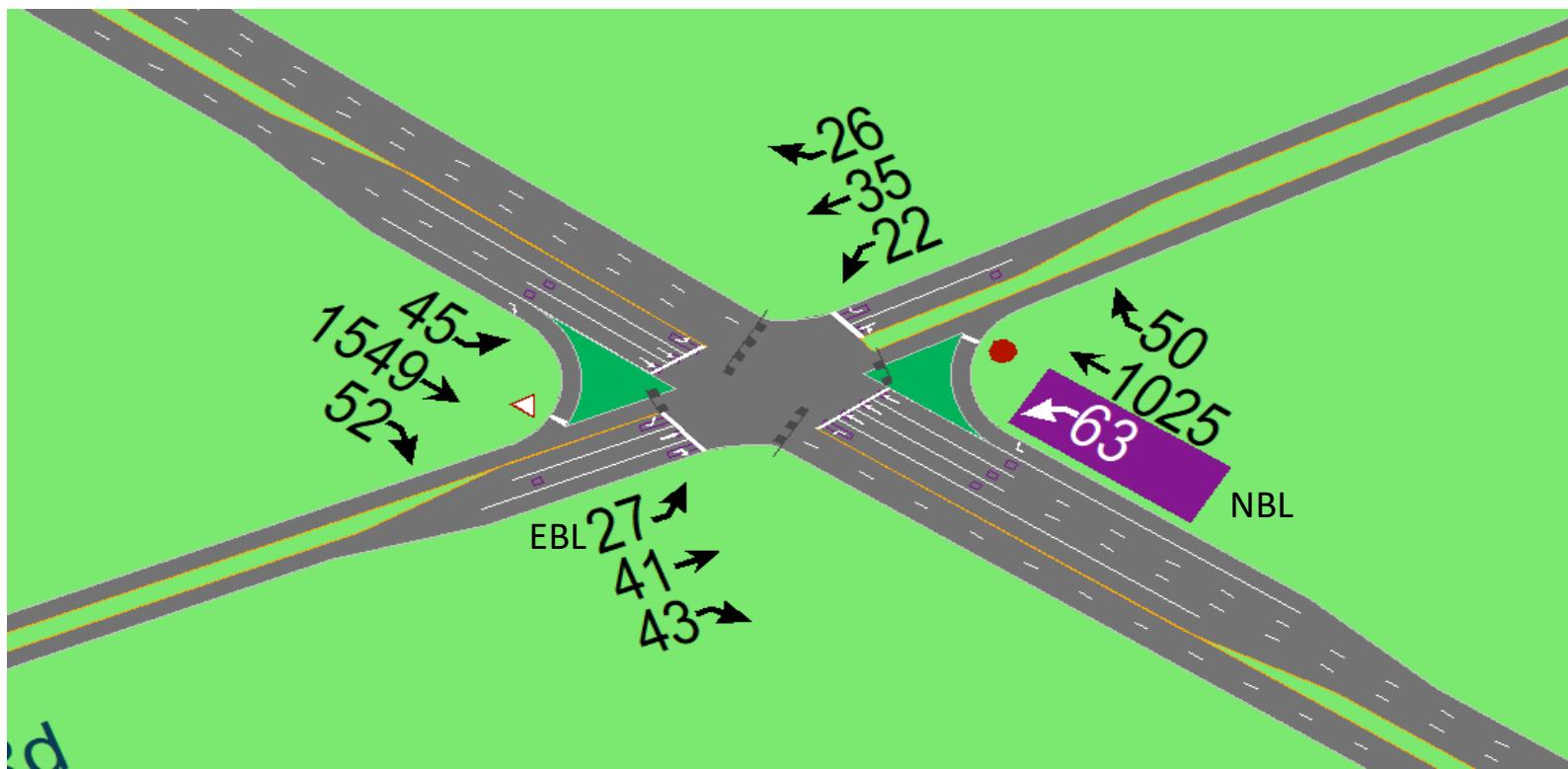
Making Recommendations from Synchro and SimTraffic

What if...

the NBL and EBL movements had volumes that approach capacity at this intersection

New NBL volume: 100 vph

New EBL volume: 70 vph



Therefore, the Synchro 95th queue will be...

TIMING SETTINGS	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lanes and Sharing (#RL)												
Traffic Volume (vph)	70	41	43	22	35	26	100	1025	50	45	1549	52
Future Volume (vph)	70	41	43	22	35	26	100	1025	50	45	1549	52
Turn Type	Perm	—	pm+ov	Perm	—	pm+ov	Prot	—	Perm	Prot	—	Perm
Protected Phases		4	5		8	1	5		2		1	6
Permitted Phases	4		4	8		8			2			6
Permitted Flashing Yellow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Detector Phases	4	4	5	8	8	1	5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Leading Detector (ft)	20	100	20	—	100	20	20	100	20	20	100	20
Trailing Detector (ft)	0	0	0	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Minimum Initial (s)	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Minimum Split (s)	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Total Split (s)	17.0	17.0	16.0	17.0	17.0	14.0	16.0	89.0	89.0	14.0	87.0	87.0
Yellow Time (s)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
All-Red Time (s)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Lost Time Adjust (s)	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	—	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0
Lagging Phase?	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	✓	✓	—	✓	✓
Allow Lead/Lag Optimize?	—	—	✓	—	—	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Recall Mode	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	C-Min	C-Min	None	C-Min	C-Min
Speed limit (mph)	—	30	—	—	30	—	—	30	—	—	30	—
Actuated Effct. Green (s)	11.9	11.9	26.3	—	11.9	23.6	12.1	90.2	90.2	9.4	83.7	83.7
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.10	0.10	0.22	—	0.10	0.20	0.10	0.75	0.75	0.08	0.70	0.70
Volume to Capacity Ratio	0.59	0.25	0.14	—	0.40	0.09	0.62	0.30	0.05	0.36	0.70	0.05
Control Delay (s)	70.0	53.2	36.5	—	58.3	37.9	67.7	6.6	6.0	60.3	13.6	6.9
Queue Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	0.0	—	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay (s)	70.0	53.2	36.5	—	58.3	37.9	67.7	6.6	6.0	60.3	13.6	6.9
Level of Service	E	D	D	—	E	D	E	A	A	E	B	A
Approach Delay (s)	—	56.2	—	—	51.9	—	—	11.7	—	—	14.7	—
Approach LOS	—	E	—	—	D	—	—	B	—	—	B	—
Queue Length 50th (ft)	57	33	27	—	45	17	81	127	14	37	473	16
Queue Length 95th (ft)	#121	72	63	—	94	45	#167	133	25	80	472	27
Stops (vph)	66	37	33	—	52	22	92	323	15	41	885	16
Fuel Used (g/hr)	2	1	1	—	2	1	3	15	1	1	28	1

What do the # and ~ symbols mean?

These indicate possible underestimation of the queuing results, and further information or study is needed.

Therefore, we will need to take a closer look at the SimTraffic Maximum Queue. Nevertheless, we look at the Maximum Queue for all of the lanes.

SimTraffic Maximum Queue

Intersection: 1: US 70 & Yeargan Rd

Movement	EB	EB	EB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	T	R	LT	R	L	T	T	T	L	T	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	115	116	82	104	71	160	197	183	141	195	476	474
Average Queue (ft)	51	27	24	37	13	63	104	96	46	33	258	253
95th Queue (ft)	96	71	62	81	44	125	176	167	116	107	415	409
Link Distance (ft)		1120			1649		1419	1419	1419		1497	1497
Upstream Blk Time (%)												
Queuing Penalty (veh)												
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	100		125	100		250				200		
Storage Blk Time (%)	2	0	0	1	0		0				12	11
Queuing Penalty (veh)	2	0	0	0	0		0				5	6

Intersection: 1: US 70 & Yeargan Rd

Movement	SB
Directions Served	R
Maximum Queue (ft)	208
Average Queue (ft)	15
95th Queue (ft)	122
Link Distance (ft)	
Upstream Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	
Storage Bay Dist (ft)	200
Storage Blk Time (%)	
Queuing Penalty (veh)	

Recommendations Summary

	Synchro 95th Queue (ft)	SimTraffic Max Queue (ft)	Number of lanes	Existing Storage length (ft)	Proposed Storage length (ft)
NBL (US 70)	#167	160	1	250	250
EBL (Yeargan Rd)	#121	115	1	100	125

Feed These Storages Back Into SimTraffic

New 95th Queue and SimTraffic Queue

	Synchro 95th Queue (ft)	SimTraffic Max Queue (ft)	Number of lanes	Old Storage length (ft)	New Storage length (ft)
NBL (US 70)	#167	168	1	250	250
EBL (Yeargan Rd)	#121	119	1	100	125

*Note: One passenger vehicle is approximately 25 feet
 Per Guidelines, minimum turn lane storage length is 100 feet

Site Development and Highway Access Classes

<https://itre.ncsu.edu/training/highways/>

Spring 2020 Classes to be rescheduled due to COVID-19

2020 Classes planned for Charlotte, Raleigh (2), and Winston-Salem

Site Development and Highway Access - What You Need to Know



Day One: Site Development & Highway Access - Introduction: This introductory one-day class is meant to be a comprehensive overview to conventional and modern site development and highway access principles discussed in the NCDOT Driveway Access Manual and associated manuals and policies. **This class is intended to serve as a prerequisite and foundation to the practitioner level class.**

Day Two: Site Development and Highway Access - Practitioner: This advanced one-day class is meant to familiarize engineers, planners, developers, and local authorities with basic to complex highway access principles, traffic analyses, traffic mitigation recommendations, and the driveway permitting processes, including new details on how to develop/review TIAs based on new legislation, policy, standards, and guidelines. **For best class attendee results, it is strongly recommended the introductory level site development and highway access class should have been attended within the last two years.**

Course Fee: \$100 per day. Classes can be taken separately or concurrently. Registration is separate for each course offering above!

PDHs: Each participant will receive 7.0 Professional Development Hours (PDHs) per day which will be noted on his or her training certificate(s).

Intro. Classes:

- Charlotte—Apr. 21, 2020
- Raleigh—June 24, 2020
- Winston-Salem—Sep. 22
- Raleigh—Nov. 17, 2020

Practitioner Classes:

- Charlotte—Apr. 29, 2020
- Raleigh—July 14, 2020
- Winston-Salem—Oct. 13
- Raleigh—Dec. 8, 2020

Who should attend:

- Public and private sector traffic engineers and planners
- NCDOT District and traffic engineering staff
- Local government, planning, transportation and traffic staff
- TIA preparers and site developers

Course Instructors:

Mike Reese, PE, CPM is a Congestion Management Regional Engineer in the NCDOT Transportation Mobility and Safety Division. Mike's extensive experience reviewing and performing traffic impact analyses and traffic studies in the Traffic Management Unit provides insight and clear expectations when reviewing permits and TIAs.



Chuck Edwards, PE is currently a District Engineer in the NCDOT Field Operations for Division 7, District 1 responsible for the greater Burlington and Chapel Hill areas. Chuck's extensive field experience within the Division provides a unique perspective to those participating in the workshop.



Locations and Directions will be given by confirmation via e-mail one month prior to the workshop!

For registration, future classes, and complete information visit <https://itre.ncsu.edu/training/highways/> or contact: Walt Thomas at wthomas@ncsu.edu or (919) 515-8893.

Sponsored by Institute for Transportation Research and Education (ITRE) NC State University • Centennial Campus • Raleigh, NC
NCDOT employees must register through their training coordinators

Acknowledgements

Synchro and SimTraffic graphics and other content developed in this presentation courtesy of:

- **Trevor Darnell**, Formerly Congestion Management
- **Robert Gallo**, Congestion Management
- **Kittelson & Associates, Inc.**

Questions?

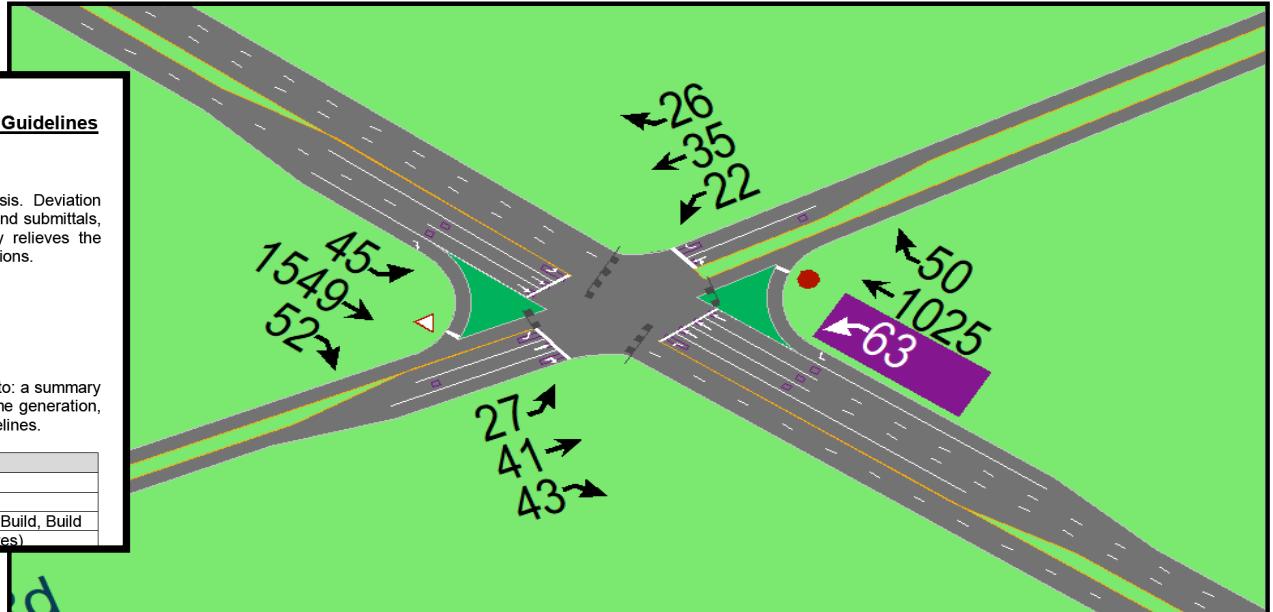
 **NCDOT Congestion Management Capacity Analysis Guidelines**

Introduction/Purpose
This document provides standard values to ensure consistent traffic analysis. Deviation from these practices requires justification. By reviewing reports, plans, and submittals, the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) in no way relieves the analyst of possible claims or additional work resulting from errors or omissions.

Pre-Analysis

Submittal Document Requirements
The submitted traffic analysis document should include, but is not limited to: a summary of the analysis and results, site plans, traffic counts and forecasts, volume generation, any assumptions used in the analysis, and any variations from these guidelines.

TIA	TIP
Summary of Results	Summary of Results
Site Plan	Traffic Forecasts
Traffic Counts and Forecasts	Traffic Breakouts (Existing, No Build, Build)
Existing Lane Diagram	Traffic Adjustments and Reroutes)



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